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ABSTRACT

The report is a composite of competency interviews and a compilation, evaluation, and analysis of data on agricultural products occupations (bakery, dairy, meat, and flour milling industry job titles). The study was conducted to obtain information which would identify the knowledge, skills, and attitudes needed by employees in selected job titles in the aforementioned industries in Montana. This was done through the use of competency statements, a competency instrument, and rating sheets used by trained interviewers. Responses were obtained from employees or supervisors, coded, and mean ratings were determined and ranked. The probability values were also ranked. The results of the rankings of personal qualities competencies, supervisor competencies, and the selected job title competencies are presented in table form. It was concluded that the research model satisfactorily yielded the data necessary for the purpose of the study. It was also concluded that, although the competencies for the job titles were defined broadly, the competencies rated were important to the particular job titles studied. The need for various competencies varied across the four industries -- some were common to all, others were more specific. (The questionnaire, competency instrument, and pertinent forms and correspondence are appended.) (AG)

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A study to determine

Competencies Needed in Selected Job Titles in Agricultural Products Occupations

PUBLISHED BY DOLORES COLBURG, SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

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AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION
MONTANA STATE UNIVERSITY, BOZEMAN



A STUDY TO DETERMINE COMPETENCIES NEEDED IN SELECTED JOB TITLES IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS OCCUPATIONS

by

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The work presented herein was performed by the Montana Agricultural Experiment Station and Supported by the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, Vocational and Occupational Skills Component

The Montana State University

Department of Agricultural and Industrial Education

Room 313, Linfield Hall, Bozeman, Montana

June, 1974

PREFACE

In the spring of 1970, a state-wide study to determine the nature and extent of rural youth and adult education and employment opportunities in agri-business and agriculture production was undertaken by the Department of Agricultural and Industrial Education.

Two of the five phases of the study have been completed. The results of these studies appear in the following eight reports available from the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, Helena, Montana, 59601 and on microfiche in the library reference source, Educational Resource Information Center (ERIC):

PHASE I - 1970-1971 (To assess current and projected manpower needs in agri-business and agricultural production).

(ED 069 874) - Ag-Business Manpower Project Manual (ED 069 872) - Ag-Business Manpower Project Report

(ED 069 875) - Agricultural Producer's Manpower Report Manual

(ED 069 873) - Agricultural Production Manpower Report

- PHASE II 1972-1973 (To determine the knowledge, skills and attitudes needed by potential employees in order to qualify for available jobs in agriculture.)
 - A Study to Determine Competencies Needed by Employees Entering the Grain, Seed and Feed Business (CE 000 838)*
 - A Study to Determine Competencies Needed by Employees Entering Agricultural Mechanics Occupations.
 - A Study to Determine Competencies Needed by Employees Entering Sales and Services Occupations (CE 000 837)*
 - A Study to Determine Competencies Needed by Employees Entering Agricultural Production Occupations.

In the spring of 1973, an agreement to extend Phase II an additional year was reached between the Department of Agricultural and Industrial

*ED numbers assigned in the June 1974 ERIC Reference Index.



Education and the project supervisors from the Research, Planning,
Development and Evaluation Component of the Office of the State Superintendent. During the extension of Phase II, competencies needed in
selected job titles in the agricultural products industries in Montana
were studied.

This report is a composite of competency interviews and a compilation, evaluation and analysis of the data in the products area. A section on research methodology is also included. This report is in keeping with the major objective of the overall study - to provide essential information for curriculum development and ultimately to agricultural education programs in order to meet manpower demands for agricultural production and agri-business in Montana.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Cooperation and assistance from personnel representing many agencies and businesses facilitated the research. Those who assisted in the validation of the competencies were Mr. Bernard Lea of the Peavey Company; Mr. E. E. Riedelbach of R and R meats; Mr. Hank Vollmer of Vollmer and Sons; Mr. Ed McHugh of Clover Leaf Dairy; Mr. Ralph Schillinger of Darigold Creamery; Mr. C. E. Petaja of Sweet Grass Creamery; Mr. Joe Gipe at Eddy's Bakeries; Mr. Emery Pettys of Sweetheart Bakeries and Mr. Carlo Ciri at C & P Packing Company. We are also indebted to those persons in Midland and Pierce Packing Companies who assisted.

Additional thanks go to Mr. Clayton Wilson, Mr. Frank Youngheim, and Mr. Doug Smith of Sweetheart Bakeries and Mr. W. S. Gray and Mr. Jim Wills of Eddy's Bakeries.

Montana State University's Departments of Agriculture, Animal and Range Science, Library, and Mathematics also contributed their support to the project. Dr. Ken Tiahrt is extended special acknowledgement.

Appreciation is also expressed to the businesses and their employees who responded generously to the requests for information and to the six persons who served in the role of interviewers.

Mrs. Carolyn Manley, Secretary of the Agricultural Manpower Project ably completed the execution of this manuscript.



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A STUDY TO DETERMINE COMPETENCIES NEEDED IN SELECTED JOB TITLES IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS OCCUPATIONS

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

The nature of the food problem per se has changed over several years. In the past, surplus goods, storage problems and land deferments were the concerns of the agricultural industry. The nation's attention is presently focused on the rapid increase in food prices and on the scarcity of certain commodities.

The production, processing and distribution of food is the nation's largest business. 14 One out of every five workers in the United States is found on the farm or in processing, transportation, retailing or restaurant food service. Farming itself employs 4.3 million workers including both family and hired workers, 3 which is as many as the combined employment of the transportation, steel and automobile industries.

Eight to ten million people are employed in all aspects of the food marketing chain. This figure includes those in canneries, meat packing plants and food packaging. The total payroll in marketing is 38 billion dollars per year.

The USDA Office of Communication has stated that meat and poultry workers total 310,000 and receive a payroll of 2 billion dollars. There are 212,800 dairy processing-products workers receiving a payroll of 1.4 billion dollars. Hamployment in the processing of fruits and vegetables accounts for 233,100 workers and has a payroll of 1.5 billion dollars. Other employees are involved in transporting farm commodities and in the distributive aspects of marketing agricultural products.



Locally, the economic focus is also upon agriculture. Agriculture is the undisputed financia? king of all Montana enterprises. It rings the loudest cash register in the state. A comparison of agriculture with other industries in Montana (1972) revealed the following hierarchy:

1st - Agriculture - \$794.6 million annual income

2nd - Whole ale - \$300 million retail trade

3rd - Mining - \$285 million (3 times behind agriculture)

4th - Tourism - \$210 million

5th - Cil - \$103.9 million (7 times behind agriculture)

6th - Lumber - \$82 million (almost 10 times behind agriculture)19

In 1972, wages for persons employed in Montana in the four industries surveyed in this research effort were \$7,977,050 in Meat Packing and Slaughtering; \$5,710,223 in Dairy Processing; \$5,348,856 in Flour Milling and \$4,576,414 in the Bakery Industry. 18

Traditionally, the objective of vocational education has been to prepare people for potential employment. As agricultural trends change, the nation must keep pace with the demand for skilled employees. The need to provide realistic, job-oriented programs in all aspects of agriculturally related industries provides an important challenge for agricultural educators.

Montana has a unique problem in preparing employees to enter the world of work. Specifically with its sparse population, and limited industrial facilities. The emerging vocational offerings must be assessed, evaluated and coordinated to prepare people to enter the world of work. It is assumed that persons who have appropriate education will have an advantage for entry and advancement over persons employed who do not possess training in agriculture and its related industrial opportunities.



RATIONALE FOR THE STUDY

The objective of this phase of the study was to obtain information which would identify the knowledge, skills and attitudes needed by employees in selected job titles in the bakery, dairy, meat and flour milling industries in Montana. These industries and the job titles were chosen after a survey of representative industries listed in the Director of Montana Manufacturers under the Standard Industrial Classifications (SIC). They were selected because of the number of persons they currently employed in agricultural products. Employees in the grain, seed and feed business in Montana were omitted from this study since this industry was earlier researched and reported. See note in Preface.

This study is being conducted by the Department of Agricultural and Industrial Education as part of an overall research effort to obtain a comprehensive analysis of agricultural occupations in Montana and of the competencies needed to enter, perform and advance in agricultural and agriculturally related jobs.

One of the major goals of the Department of Agricultural and Industrial Education of Montana State University is to construct and test research models which hopefully will provide improved employment for citizens in Montana. Thus, a specific extension of the study objective will be the documentation of a survey research model.



ASSUMPTIONS

The following assumptions were generally accepted by the researcher at the beginning of the study: (1) that management from agricultural products businesses would be interested in the potential outcome of the study and would cooperate with the interviewers by providing information on the tasks of selected employees and would make their personnel available for interviews; (2) that persons being interviewed would rate previously validated competency statements on a graduated scale (1-4); (3) that ratings would lend themselves to statistical analysis, so that the competency statements could be listed in order of importance; (4) that there is no significant difference between job competency ratings given by the person actually performing the job and the ratings of another person (supervisor or manager) knowledgeable about the job; and (5) that an analysis would be possible to determine if there were commonalities among job tasks across industry lines.



DEFINITION OF TERMS

Agricultural Occupation - means an occupation involving knowledge and skills in agricultural subjects and having the following characteristics:

- a. The occupation includes the functions of producing, processing and distributing agricultural products and includes services thereto;
- b. The occupation requires competencies in one or more of the primary areas of plant, soil and animal science, farm management, agricultural mechanization and agricultural leadership.

Agricultural Products Business - are those businesses which assemble, sort, test, grade and market farm and ranch products. For purposes of this study, they involve the job titles in the meat, dairy, bakery and flour milling businesses.

<u>Competency</u> - Competencies for purposes of this study are those qualities of knowledge, skill and attitude determined to be desirable by employees for them to perform effectively in an identified job title at the entry level.

<u>Competencies Needed for Entry Employment</u> - are those competencies without which the individual will not be hired.

Entry Level Employment - is the level at which individuels are normally hired in any particular job title by an industry.



REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE AND RESEARCH

Since an extensive review of literature preceded the previously completed agricultural manpower studies and since this research effort was an
extension of the project, only pertinent information on agricultural products
will be reviewed and reported.

Review of Research and Literature Related to the Feasibility, Need and Importance of the Study

Hensel (1969) states that there is a need for definite information on the occupations for which a student is being trained. He suggests that there is a need to insure that instructional programs in agricultural education are sound and of high quality. He continues by stating that the character of the agricultural industry has changed from an agrarian complex to an agrarian-industrial complex which requires new patterns of education and training. 8

Sherman and Pratt (1971) stated that processing and distribution of the food and fiber produced on farms is of prime importance to the economy as well as to the consumer. Three-fifths of all farm products require some degree of processing prior to use. Because of consumer demands for quality in food products, various government agencies and industries have set rigid standards in many areas of processing, packaging, shipping, storage and sales. They infer that the processing of agricultural products requires skilled technicians and skilled workers to operate and maintain the special machines and equipment used in these operations.12

Research efforts by Taylor and Leagans (1970) established the fact that

processing is a major division of agri-business and the fact that present trends suggest it will become more important.

Review of Literature Related to Similar Efforts In Agricultural Products

A search for similar studies dealing with job titles or clusters of occupations in agricultural products was enhanced by a study by the University of Missouri (1969) in which dairy processing equipment operators and meat processing workers were surveyed. A listing of job titles in dairy products, meat, poultry and egg processing with accompanying Dictionary Occupational Titles (DOT) references was also a part of this study. 11

Job titles in agricultural processing and clustering of occupations was found in the Arizona study (1971). Some of the competencies required by these job titles are found in Table 3 of this report and the number of employees needing these competencies is a part of the results of this investigation. The instruments used in these studies were also carefully reviewed to obtain ideas for format. 15 The Taylor and Leagens Study (1970) mentioned previously had an extensive instrument with directions for the interviewer incorporated into the questionnaire. 16

Barwick (1965) identified present and emerging agricultural occupations other than farming for which agricultural education is needed. This study contains an analysis of employees needing agricultural competencies in identified agricultural occupational families. Occpations within families were classified as supervisory, technical, clerical, skilled and semi-skilled.

Procedures compiled by Pennsylvania State University (1973) and recommended for identifying competencies for natural resources occupations were adapted



and followed as a model for use in the present study. These procedures were distributed at the meeting of The American Vocational Association, attended by the researcher.17

Review of Research and Literature Related to the

Job Clustering Approach and Criteria for Clustering

Sjogren and Sahl (1966) defended the job clustering approach by stating that vocational curricula should not be specific to a single job but should be designed to prepare the student to enter any one of a number of jobs in the job cluster. 13

Research by Walter Mietus (1969) set the following criteria as a basis for selection of the clusters and special occupations for each category:

The occupation must have:

- 1. A favorable employment outlook.
- 2. The instructional capability of being implemented in a secondary school program.
- 3. Opportunity for job entry upon graduation from high school.
- 4. Numerous skills, knowledge and human requirements which would provide an opportunity for the identification of commonalities or relatedness with other occupations.
- 5. Opportunities for advancement for further schooling as on the job training or apprentice programs.10

Mietus (1969) also established the criteria of occupational clusters.

Occupational clusters should:

- 1. Be in the area of vocational and industrial education.
- 2. Include occupations that are related on the basis of either similar process, materials, products or human requirements.
- 3. Be broad enough to include occupations with a wide variety of skills and knowledge.



- Involve occupations that require not more than a high school education and/or 2 years beyond high school.
- 5. Provide opportunity for mobility on a geographical and occupational basis. 10

The Mietus statements provided guidelines upon which to base the cluster concept, repeatedly referred to in the literature.

Review of Literature and Research Relating to Alternative Statistical Measures

A perusal of the literature was made to determine possible alternative statistical measures other than those used in the former research of this nature. Loreen (1967) used an index computed by the following formula:

Index # = Number of desirable responses + 2(no. of essential responses)

Maximum possible desirable responses + 2(essential responses) X 100

Competencies receiving a score of 39 or more were ranked in descending order.9

Many of the studies reviewed used the statistical measure of factor analysis as a means of clustering competencies or arriving at occupational families.16

An example of the successful use of factor analysis is reported in a study by Dillon and Cain (1963).7

Consideration was also given to the statistical measures used in previous research efforts of the Agricultural Manpower Project. Weighted scores and standard deviations were employed in the production, mechanics and grain, seed and feed studies. After an assessment of these procedures and their inherent weaknesses, the research team decided to evaluate and report data on the basis of the mean ratings provided by those interviewed.



· METHODOLOGY

Locating job titles among Montana's agricultural industries and determining the competencies which employees considered important in performing in these positions took the following form:

- 1. Selection of a representative sample of Montana agricultural products industries representing several commodities; surveying these industries to determine the job titles and numbers within these job titles; identification of the job titles across industry lines.
- 2. Development of competency statements, the instrument and rating sheets.
- 3. Training interviewers and distribution of interviewing materials.
- 4. Devising a coding rationale; initiating computer analysis; interpretation of results.

Selection of a Representative Sample

The population was considered to be contained within the publication;
Directory of Montana Manufacturers. This directory listed 150 businesses
engaged in the processing of food and kindred products. All of these businesses
were surveyed by questionnaire (Appendix A) for the purposes of identifying
job titles and the number of persons working in each job title. Two mailings,
an initial and a follow-up, resulted in a return of 81 or 54 percent of the
questionnaires being returned.

These returns were then tabulated on a two-way table with industries on one axis and job titles on the other. The number of persons in each job title was tabulated and the results were reviewed to determine in what job titles the largest numbers of personnel were employed.



The majority of the employees were within the meat, bakery, dairy and flour milling industries.

Field interviewers were hired to contact the 81 businesses in the study population. These 81 businesses were made up of 19 bakeries, 31 dairies, 28 meat packing and processing plants and 3 flour mills. Businesses were of varying sizes and located geographically throughout the state of Montana. Meat businesses were concentrated in the major centers of population (Butte, Bozeman, Helena, Missoula, Billings, Great Falls). (Figure 1.)

FIGURE 1
SAMPLE SELECTION RESPONSES CLASSIFIED BY INDUSTRY

INDUSTRY	NUMBER ASSIGNED	NUMBER COMPLETED	PERCENT RETURN
BAKERY	19	15	79%
DAIRY	31	25	81%
MEAT	28	25	89%
MILL	<u>. 3</u>	<u>3</u>	100%
TOTALS	81	68	84%

Development of Competency Statements, Instrument, and Rating Sheet

As was true in previous manpower studies, the compilation of competency statements and their validation for the several identified job titles proved to be a tedious task. The Dictionary of Occupational Titles (DOT) served as the basis for developing competency statements. These preliminary statements were then taken to employees working in specific industries and job titles for review. Employees suggested the logical ordering of competencies, made deletions and additions and changed or up-dated vocabulary common to their positions. After revisions were made according to their suggestions, the competencies were again reviewed by them for final approval. A special effort was made to validate the competencies with employees of various-sized businesses. An array of job titles and the industries in which they are present appears in Figure 2. Job titles appearing in two or more industries used the same instrument. (ie. Shipping Clerks in the bakery or meat industry reacted to the same competencies.)

Each competency statement was assigned a number. The statements were then typed in the final format (Appendix B) and collated into a tabbed, color-coded book. A rating sheet (Appendix C) was also used on which the interviewer circled an appropriate value and the number of the competency being rated.



FIGURE 2

AN ARRAY OF JOB TITLES AND THE INDUSTRIES
IN WHICH THEY ARE PRESENT

JOB TITLE	BAKERY	DAIRY	MEAT	MILL
Supervisor	X	х	Х	Х
Plant Worker, etc.	X	х	x	х
Salesman	Х	х		
Warehouseman, etc.	X	х		x
Shipping Clerk			x	
Mixer Divider Operator Molder Operator Bench Hand Baker Retail Ovenman Handbagger Buttermaker Cheesemaker Lab Technician Pasteurizer Ice Cream Maker Butcher Meat Cutter Sausage Maker Render Operator Crop Production Competencies Chemist Miller, etc. Buhr-Miller Smutter	X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X	X X X X



Interviewer Training and Distribution of Materials

Six interviewers were employed; each had previously received training and worked on one of the previously completed Agricultural Manpower studies. It was not necessary to retrain them since the instruments and system used were identical to those used before. Interviewers' manuals were revised and additional instruction sheets (Appendix D) prepared. Materials were mailed to them and they were instructed to call the researcher for additional supplies and for assistance.

A letter (Appendix E) was sent to the selected respondents announcing that an interviewer would be contacting them for information.

Coding, Computer Analysis and Interpretation of Results

A coding rationale (Appendix F) was designed to yield the variables (competency statements) and the mean and frequency. This was accomplished by preparing cards for the variables and an additional deck of cards containing the data. The program used was the Statistical Package for the Social Sciences. 1

After the mean ratings for each competency were obtained, the researcher ranked them in order. This was initially done by key punching the variable number and the mean onto a computer card, sorting these in the sorter in descending order and running them through the computer to produce a card list.

To further analyze the data, Chi Square Work Sheets (Appendix G) were prepared and the frequencies were entered for like competencies across industry lines. This greatly facilitated the c eration of the computer terminal to determine probability values.



Probability Values Ranked

The probability values related to the obtained chi squares were ranked by the researcher. This is a common procedure but one for which no published reference can be cited.

It was arbitrarily determined that the top 25 percent of the probability values for the competencies for a particular job title were "very similar", that the next group of competencies, below the top 25 percent but with a probability value above the .05 level were "similar", and that those competencies with probability values below .05 were "not similar." This is simply a guideline or another means of identifying competency differences that are "similar" or "not similar", and is in accordance with the usual .05 level test of significance. Competencies with probability values below .05 were then listed in tables displaying the frequencies which occured in each industry. A short narrative explaining where the difference occured in the rating is also included.

It will be noted that in the contingency tables several cells contain "0" and also contain numbers with values less than "5".

The researcher understands that to use the Chi Square test to determine differences where the above two conditions exist is in violation of the assumptions regarding the use of this test. However, appropriate tests could not be located to test data where cells contained "O". Combining cells did not appear to be an appropriate answer since "O" responses did not mean missing data but rather no data.

Thus the application of the Chi Square test to determine levels of significance simply seemed to verify what seemed evident visually from looking at the raw data.



CHAPTER II

ANALYSIS OF THE DATA

The data were analyzed to determine the importance of job competencies identified and validated by either an employee or his supervisor in Montana's agricultural products industries. Job titles within four broad industry groups were surveyed; bakeries, dairy, meat and the flour milling industries.

These tables show how competencies were ranked by employees or supervisors in the four industry groups by job title. Competencies were ranked using mean score ratings as a measure of relative importance of each competency. Subsequent tables show a rank order by probability values and evaluation.

Bakery Industry:

The bakery industry employs a considerable number of people in Montana. Sweetheart and Eddy's bakeries operate the largest plants employing persons in a wide range of job titles. The large food chains such as Buttrey's, Safeway and Albertson's also operate in-store bakeries and employ persons in the bakery job titles. Small retail bake shops usually operated by one or two employees or owners are also important in an assessment of the Montana bakery industry.

Table 1 shows the rank order of Personal Quality competencies as ranked by thirty employees in all job titles in the bakery industry. Tables 1 through 13 report competencies essential for persons in various job titles in the bakery industry.



Personal Qualities

Data in Table 2 indicates that the personal competencies showed a mean rating ranging from 3.7 to 3.2, indicating all twelve competencies were rated as being between "Important" and "Essential". Those personal qualities rating in the top 25 percent were: Demonstrate a willingness to work; Work safely and neatly; Get along with others and Demonstrate acceptable personal appearance and personal hygiene.

Personal competencies ranking in the bottom 25 percent were the ability on the part of the employee to: Demonstrate a desirable job attitude; Work as a team member; Project a desirable firm image and Accept routine tasks.

The difference in ratings regarding Personal Quality competencies as compared across all agricultural products industries studied will appear in Table 38.



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TABLE 1

PERSONAL QUALITIES COMPETENCIES IN THE BAKERY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean . Rating	3.667	3.667	3.567	3.567	3.567	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.433
Frequency 1 2 3 4	10 20	1 8 21	1 11 18	13 17	13 17	1 1 10 18	1 12 17	1 13 16	1.15 14
Comp. Fersonal Qualities Competencies as Rated by . No. Employees in the Bakery Industry N=30	l Demonstrate a willingness to work.	6 Work safely and neatly.	5 Demonstrate the ability to get along with others.	9 Demonstrate acceptable personal appearance and personal hygiene.	12 Maintain a satisfactory attendance record.	2 Demonstrate a willingness to learn or take supervision.	3 Demonstrate the ability to follow directions of supervisor.	4 Demonstrate the ability to work independently.	8 Demonstrate a desirable job attitude about the organization when working with fellow employees, potential customers and customers.
Rank Orđer No.		Ø	m		ſζ	9	۲	ထ	Ø.

TABLE 1 - Continued

Rank	Comp.	Personal Qualities Competencies as Rated by	Frequency	Mean
	No.	Employees in the Bakery Industry N=30	1234	Rating
	<u> </u>	Demonstrate the ability to work cooperatively as a member of a team.	1 16 13	3.400
	10	Demonstrate the ability to project a desirable image for firm.	2 15 13	3.367
	Ħ	Accept routine tasks without becoming disinterested.	1 2 16 11	3.233
-		,		

Supervisory Competencies

Data in Table 2 indicates the mean rank order ratings of the supervisory competencies ranked by supervisors in the bakery industry. In total, 46 competencies were rated. The two highest ranking competencies having a mean rating of 3.8 were: Have knowledge of production processes and Oversee sanitation standards. Other top ranked competencies with a mean rating from 3.7 to 3.6 dealt with competencies in the areas of Coordinating production control; Product quality; Acquisition of supplies and Training employees.

Competencies rated in the bottom 25 percent and having a mean rating between 3.1 and 1.5 were: Acquisition of raw materials; Union policies; Transportation arrangements; Effective use and modification of manpower machines and equipment; Determining sales; Analyze economic trends and Read flour analysis charts. Being licensed to operate a boiler was rated as being between "Not Important" and "Of Some Importance".

TABLE 2

SUPERVISOR COMPETENCIES IN THE BAKERY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Rank	Comp.	Compet	Frequency		Mean
No.	No.	Supervisors and Utners N=10	1234		Rating
М	20	Have a knowledge of all production processes.	8	·····	3.800
Ŋ	31	Oversee sanitation standards.	2 8	~~	3.800
М	ਨ	Coordinate all activities of production.	3 7	- <u> </u>	3.700
4	37	Direct quality control.	3 7	·	3.700
5	39	Supervise and coordinate activities of workers engaged in production, manufacturing and processing of products.	3	**************************************	3.700
9	55	Requisition supplies.	1 1 8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3.700
ļ	58	Be able to use basic mathematics.	3 7		3.700
8	22	Be familiar with plant lay-out.	9 #	***************************************	3.600
0,	07	Train new employees.	1 2 7		3.600
10	1 5	Compute quantities of materials to be used.	1 2 7	.	3.600
				···	

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TABLE 2 - Continued

Mean	Rating	3.600	3.600	3.600	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.400	3.400	3.400
	† 7	9	-	9	ľ	<u>-</u>	9	9	<u>-</u>	v	ř	7
ency	3	.4	7	. ‡	rv	rH	Μ	m	N	m	#	9
Frequency	5		H			Ŋ	н	H			H	
1	r=1	·••·					·		 	-	Noodewa-we-endowska-w	
Supervisor Compete	Supervisors and Others N=10	Identify the purchasing needs for the business.	Reject sub-standard goods and services.	Purchase goods or services.	Be familiar with production capacities of each department.	Be aware of raw material sources and supply.	Be knowledgeable about all machinery used in the plant.	Understand marketing, contract and credit conditions.	Have technical knowledge of the materials or products in the products being produced.	Plan and develop production procedures.	Originate and assess measures to designate or improve production methods, equipment performance and product quality.	Oversee the maintenance of plant equipment.
0.20	No.	19	63	759	23	58	30	56	5.0	56	27	36
Rank	Order No.	티	CV H	H 3	- 1 	7.	97	II	æ	61	50	21

TABLE 2 - Continued

Rank Order No.	Comp. No.	Supervisor Competencies as Rated by Supervisors and Others	Fre	Frequency 2	cy 4	Mean Rating
ଷ	Ιţ	Instruct employees in the fullfillment of their duties.		H	4 5	3.400
23	45	Interpret company policy and production procedures to subordinates.	· r=-l	- •	٠c ده	3.400
75	50	Supervise apprenticeship or training programs.	•	~	† 9	3.400
25	82	Spell out specifications of acceptability for raw materials.	Н	• •	3 6	3.400
26	33	Prepare time and cost estimates.	. •	 ⊢	5 4	3.300
27	75	Direct activities of subordinate employees.	Н		4 5	3.300
28	143	Handle workers grievances.	H	H	5	3.300
59	7 ¹ 7	Recommend changes in working conditions.	•	#\ H	5 4	3.300
30	53	Be aware of marketing and distribution problems.	m	1 2	9	3.300
33	59	Estimate price based on market reports, grades, transportation, supplies, etc.	н	ر د	9	3.300
32	35	Prepare production and labor records.	. ,	9 1	м	3.200
33	847	Hire and fire employees.	•	2	ιΛ ,	3.200

TABLE 2 - Continued

Rank	Comp.	Compe	戶	Frequency	ency		Mean
No.	No.	oupervisors and others N=10	1	2	m	7	Rating
.# .#	09	Determine prices of products produced in accordance with state laws.	H	H	3	5	3.200
35	24	Consult with company executives.	Ø		m	5	3.100
36	25	Confer with department heads to formulate programs regarding availability of raw materials.	Ø	H	Н	9	3.100
37	64	Understand union policy.	Ø		m	rv	3.100
38		Arrange for delivery and different modes of transportation.	Н	N	N	5	3.100
39	34	Write to supervisors, reports of production figures and completion dates.	m		Ø	5	2.900
04	147	Project manpower requirements.	m	m	Q	7	2,900
T ₁	38	Make modifications in machines and equipment.	Н	m	m	m	2.800
775	94	Plan surveys to determine effectiveness of manpower utilization.	· н	m	m	m	2.800
43	区	Determine sales forecasts.	H	m	77	2	2.700
† †	52	Analyze economic trends.	Н	17	N	m	2.700
45	32	Read flour analysis chart provided by mill.	7		m	c _V	2.200
94	29	Be licensed to operate a boiler.	. 9	m	 1		1.500

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Machine Bagger Competencies

The top 25 percent of the Machine Bagger competencies shown in Table 3 were quite varied. The competencies of major concern dealt with: The employees appreciation for sanitary procedures; Being mechanically adept to be able to observe operation malfunctions; Work with motors, conveyors and hopper and Be able to make minor adjustments in the equipment. The above competencies had a mean rating ranging from 3.6 to 3.3.

Job competencies ranking in the bottom 25 percent, as rated by the Machine Bagger, with a mean rating ranging from 2.3 to 1.6 included: Unloading and loading packaged products; Using and caring for machines; Keeping various records and Maintaining union membership.



TABLE 3

MACHINE BAGGER COMPETENCIES IN THE BAKERY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

	Mean	Rating	3.571	3.571	3:429	3.429	3.286	3.286	3.286	3.286	3.286	3.286	3.143
		7†	77	†	М	4	m	.7	4	ന	ო	m	m
	ency	3	т	m	77	0	m	Н	N	m	m	m	N
	Frequency	5				~	러	a		·	H		N
	Œ	1						•	H				
D. 20.	Machine Bagger competencies as Kated by	3.000	Be aware of all sanitary procedures.	Observe operation and detect malfunction.	Accept routine tasks without becoming disinterested.	Feed products onto conveyors, hoppers.	Have a basic mechanical ability.	Start machines.	Report malfunctions of machinery to supervisor.	Make minor adjustments to machinery.	Set guides.	Replenish packaging supplies (wrapping paper, plastic sheeting, boxes, cartons, bags, etc.).	Stop machines.
	Comp.	No.	70	62	11	76	. 2.2	78	81	82	88 80		80
Rank	Order	No.	[***]	(V	m	. #	ľ	9	<u>t</u>	&	0,	10	

TABLE 3 - Continued

Comp.	Machine Bagger Competencies as Rated by Machine Baggers and Others	Fre	Jen		Mean
- 1		-	2	3 4:	Rating
	Adjust conveyors or control valves, spouts, etc. to regulate flow of product.	r-		en en	3.143
95	Clear away damaged products or containers.		7	7, 2	3.143
<u> 1</u> 6	Check to insure finished quality product (proper closing, appearance of carton).	Н	V 7	۳ د	3.143
72	Tend machine that performs one or more packaging functions (filling, marking, weighing, wrapping, closing, etc.).		н	5 1	3.000
98	Visually inspect materials, products and containers at each step of the packaging process.	Н	1 2	m	3.000
96	Inspect filled container to insure packaging according to specifications.	Q.	0	m	2,857
84	Open valves.	Q	7	r -1	2.571
91	Feed carton into machine and remove them from discharge conveyor.	α	7	QI .	2.571
100	Label ingredients according to federal regulations.	m	r -l	m	2.571
47	Convey materials and items from receiving or production areas to storage by hand or using machinery.	ત	1 3	r l	2.429

TABLE 3

Mean	Rating	2.429	2.429	2.429	2.286	2.286	2.286	2.143	2.143	2.143	2.143	1.857	1.714	
	77	N	r-ļ	∾.	N	Q	Н	H	Ø	8	8	r-l ·	r-I	
ency	m	Н	m	Ø	宀	H	Q	0	뻐	H	H	H	Н	
Frequency	2	N	· H		۲	Н	Ø	H				Н		
[±4	r-i	N .	N	m	m	m	N	m	4	<i>‡</i>	4	₼ '	7	
Compe	M=7	Place materials or products on conveyors, pallets or plastic trays.	Repair machinery.	Change forming and cutting dies.	Weigh containers and adjust quantity.	Position and hold container in machine.	Unload packaged product.	Adjust tension on drive belts, conveyors or chains.	Lubricate equipment.	Record weight, size and type of products packaged.	Keep machine yield records.	Directly place materials or products on trucks using either hands, hoists, or winches.	Maintain Union membership.	
Comp.	No.	75	83	. 87	85	95	66	89	90	101	102.	92	73	
Rank	No.	22	23	5 [†]	. 52	56	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	

TABLE 3 - Continued

Rank	Comp.	Machine Bagger Competencies as Rated by	Frequ	Frequency	Mean
Order No.	No.	Machine Baggers and Uthers N=7	1 2	5 3 t	Rating
34	103	Keep and compile stock records.	ľ	α	1.571
35	101	Keep records of materials or items received	1 C	O)	1.571
		or distributed.			

Routeman Competencies

Bakery Routeman competencies, as indicated in Table 4, reveal that Appropriate licensure; Operation of a vehicle; Certain business form procedures and Being accountable for the merchandise are competencies rating in the top 25 percent and having a mean rating between 3.9 and 3.8.

Of the sixteen competencies rated, all were rated as being between "Important" and "Essential". It can be concluded from these data that this occupation requires specific skills and that this person is particularly important in the products delivery system.

Competencies with a mean rating of between 3.5 and 3.2 and rating in the bottom 25 percent were: Pick up empty containers and rejected merchandise; Balance cash against inventories; Set up sales displays and Call on potential customers.



TABLE 4

ROUTEMAN COMPETENCIES IN THE BAKERY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean Rating	£†6*E	3.947	3.895	3.789	3.737	3.684	3.684	3.632	3.632	3.632
Frequency	1 18	1 18	2 17	2 17	1 3 15	6 13	6 13	1 2 1 1	1 5 13	7 12
Routenan Competencies as Rated by Koutemen and Others N=19	Have the appropriate license if license is required.	Be accountable for the merchandise by charge tickets, cash tickets or returned products.	Write a delivery order.	Drive truck over established route to deliver, sell and display products.	Make collections for deliveries.	Inform customers of new products or services.	Place stock on shelves or racks.	Drive truck to deliver items to customer's home or place of business.	Make out an invoice for merchandise left.	Keep records of quantities delivered to customers.
Comp.	110	125	911	111	118	115	119	71	117	122
Rank Order No.	p=-	ุณ	n	4	7	9	<u> -</u>	∞	6	0

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TABLE 4 - Continued

Mean	4 Rating	15 3.579	13 3.579	12 3.526	3 14 3.526	9 3.316	3.211	
Frequency	3	 i	#	9	m	œ	∞ .	
redn	7	N	N			H	N	
124	H	Н		Ħ	N	Н	Н	
Routeman Competencies as Rated by	No. Routemen and Others	112 Load truck with items.	123 Keep records of collections.	121 Collect or pick up empty containers and rejected merchandise.	12 $^{\mu}$ Balance cash against cash inventories.	120 Set up sales displays and posters.	114 Call on prospective customers to solicit new business.	
Rank	Order No.	디	12	13	71	15	91	

Warehouseman Competencies

Bakery Warehouseman competencies were rated by only two employees and appear in Table 5. Because of this, the validity of the mean ratings reported might logically be questioned. The competencies might, however, prove valuable to persons exploring the implications of curriculum development.



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TABLE 5

WAREHOUSEMAN COMPETENCIES IN THE BAKERY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean Rating	3.500	3.500	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	2.500	2.500	.
Frequency 1 2 3 4	E E	H	α	r-l r-l	CV	rd	r-1	r-l	
Warehouseman Competencies as Rated by Warehousemen and Others	Place materials or products on conveyor or truck by hand or hoists, winches, etc.	Fill orders.	Have the strength requirements to lift heavy items.	Examine stock to verify conformance to specifications.	Store articles in cooler, bins, on floor or shelves according to identifying information.	Sort products as to size, type or product code.	Count, sort or weigh incoming articles to verify receipt of items on requisitions or invoices.	Fill requisitions, work orders and material requests.	
Comp.	134	971	130	138	141	143	135	137	
Rank Order No.	p-4.	N	m	7	5	9	<u> </u>	œ	

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TABLE 5 - Continued

Rank	Comp	Com	Fre	Frequency		Mean
Order No.	No.	Warehousemen and Others N=2	r=-	2 3	†	Rating
6	139	Determine methods of storage and identification; location considering temperature, humidity and height and weight limits.	rH		mil mil	2.500
10	142	Insure proper rotation of stock.	r-l		r	2.500
F	145	Keep records of materials or items received or distributed.	·····	Н		2.500
Q H	. 133	Convey materials and items from receiving or production areas to storage areas by hand or using machinery.		Q		2.000
13	140	Prepare shipping tags.	Н	H		2.000
# # #	148	Prepare periodic, special or perpetual inventory of stock.	r -1	H		2.000
15	132	Receive, store and issue equipment, material supplies, products, etc.	rl	 1	·	1.500
16	777	Wrap protective material around product.	H	H		1.500
17	147	Issue supplies from stock.	Н	I		1.500
18	131	Maintain Union membership.	ณ			1.000
19	136	Operate a fork lift machine.	2			1.000

Shipping Clerk

Data in Table 6 shows the mean rating of competencies for the job title Bakery Shipping Clerk.

Thirteen competencies were rated for this job title by three employees. Competencies in the top 25 percent were being able to: Count and compare quantity and identification of units against orders; Select pre-assembled containers; Weigh containers and Pub up salesmen's orders. These competencies had mean ratings ranging from 3.7 to 3.3.

Competencies ranked in the bottom 25 percent were: Assembly and binding of containers using hand or machine equipment with tape, nails or strapping.



TABLE 6

SHIPPING CLERK COMPETENCIES IN THE BAKERY INDUSTRY RAIN ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean Rating	3.667	3.667	3.667	3.333	3.333	3.000	3.000	3.000	2.667	
τ _τ	QI .	QI .	N	N	N	N	, Q	α [¯]	H	
Frequency 2 3		H	r-l	Н	Н				н.	
H				•		H	r+l	Н	 	
Shipping Clerk Competencies as Rated by Shipping Cicrks and Others	Count and compare quantity and identification number of units against order.	Select pre-assembled containers.	Weigh containers.	Put up salesman's orders.	Stamp, stencil or glue identifying information and shipping instructions on containers.	Prepare products for shipment.	Move containers to shipping dock by handtruck, fork lift or overhead hoists.	Attach postage or bill of lading.	Insert items into containers using spacers, fillers, and portective padding.	
Comp. No.	151	154	191	152	159	150	160	162	155	
Rank Order No.	r-1	CV.	Μ		ζ.	9	-	∞.	O,	

TABLE 6 - Continued

Rank	Comp.	Shipping Clerk Competencies as Rated by	Frequency	Mean
Order No.	No.	Shipping Clerks and Others N=3	· 1 2 3 4	Rating
10	153	Assemble wooden or cardboard containers.	rt 	2.333
러	158	Bind containers with metal tape by hand or machine.	П П	2.000
12	156	Mail covers on wooden crates.	٤	1.000
13	157	Operate strapping machine.	M	1.000

Mixer Competencies

Competencies rated by ten employees in the job title, Mixer, appear in Table 7. Eighteen competencies were validated as being important in this industry. Competencies ranking in the top 25 percent and having a mean rating between 3.7 and 3.6 were: Weigh and measure ingredients; Operate and observe mixers and blending operation and Control equipment temperatures.

Skills or knowledge ranking in the bottom 25 percent were those associated with: Determining time cycles; Handling doughs; Keeping shop schedule and Filling storage tanks or barrels.



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TABLE 7

MIXER COMPETENCIES IN THE BAKERY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.700	3.600	3.600	3.600	3.600	3.500	3.400	3.300	3.200	3.200	3.100	6
	7	7	9	9	2	9	7	rv	ın.	ī	rv	m	
ency	m	m	. #	m	α _.	#	N	4	4	N	N	9	•
Frequency	2				Н			7		m	m		•
F4	Н						Н			,		H	
Mixer Competencies as Rated by	Mixers and Others N=10	Weigh and measure ingredients.	Tend mixer that mixes and blends ingredients.	Observe mixing to insure thorough blending.	Turn controls to achieve specified temperature.	Make finished dough.	Follow formula sheet	Dump dough into trough.	Add ingredients as specified during mixing cycle.	Dump ingredients into mixing machine.	Start machine to mix ingredients for specific times	Estimate size of doughs needed to meet production requirements at start of shift.	
Comp	No.	175	170	179	180	184	171	185	183	911	178	172	•
Rank	Order No.	Н	۵	m	4	2	9	2	80	6	10	[-]	

TABLE 7 - Continued

Rank	Comp.	Mixer Competencies as Rated by	Frequency	1ency		Mean
No.	No.	Mixers and Odners N=10	1 2	8	77	Rating
12	721	Obtain ingredients.		5	m	3.100
13	177	Turn valves.	т	갋	*	3.100
17	181	Finish sponge.	Q	m	īV.	3,100
15	173	Determine time cycles at start of shift.	8	*	m	2.900
16	182	Take sponge from fermentation room.	m	m	. ‡	2.800
7.5	186	Keep shop schedule or dough sheet.	3 1	Н	٧N	2.800
18	187	Fill storage tanks or barrels.	2 2	N	<i>‡</i>	2.800



Divider Operator

There were fifteen validated competencies to which Divider Operators were asked to respond. Four persons responded; data from these responses appear in Table 8.

Competencies rated in the top 25 percent with a mean rating between 3.5 and 3.0 were: Weighing dough with balance scale; Adjusting machine units and Tending and adjusting machines.

Competencies in the bottom 25 percent were: Placing of dough in pans; Adjusting molding machine conveyors; Inspecting dough shapes into pans from molding and Supervising the activities or subordinates.



TABLE 8

DIVIDER OPERATOR COMPETENCIES IN THE BAKERY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.500	3.500	3.250	3.000	3.000	3.000	2.750	2.750	2.750
	†	2	α	Q	8	Q	ณ	C/J	Н	М
ency	3	ત	Ø	Н	m		H			Ø
Frequency	טו .			Н		Ø		Н		
124	Н				Н		, H	H	H	Н
10	No. Divide operators and officers N=4	193 Weigh units of dough using balance scale.	194 Adjust machine when units vary from standard.	190 Tend machines that automatically divide, round, proof, and shape dough.	191 Adjust handcrank to adjust capacity of dividing compartments.	196 Dust units of dough to prevent sticking.	204 Keep production records.	195 Scoop flour or starch into sifters.	197 Observe progress of units of dough through machines that automatically round, proof and shape dough.	203 Have a basic mechanical ability.
8		r	r-l	<u></u>	r-l	r	α.	<u></u>	r-l	Ñ
Rank	No.	r-l	٥	m	47	Ŋ	9	7	∞	Q

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TABLE 8 - Co. sinued

Camo)	Operator C	Frequency		Mean
No.	Divider Operators and Others $_{ m N=h}$	1 2 3		Rating
192	Adjust speed of feeding conveyor on dividing machine.	N	CI .	2.500
200	Discard misshapen units.	CΛ	N	2.500
20I	Place dough in pans by hand.	T. Z	r-1	2.250
198	Adjust rheostats to control speed of proofing and molding machine conveyors.	ы		1.500
199	Inspect shape units of dough as they are ejected into pans from molding.	rl K		1.500
202	Supervise the activities of subordinates.	н к		1.500

Molder Operator

Four Bakery Molder Operators were interviewed for their reactions to validated competencies on the importance scale. They reacted to sixteen competencies. These reactions appear in the data in Table 9. Ranking in the top 25 percent were: Observe the molder during operation; Adjust or identify machine operation or malfunctions and Inspect shape units of dough as they are ejected into pans from molding machine.

Competencies in the bottom 25 percent for the Molder Operator were those skills and knowledges on the routine matters of the job: Emptying pans into machine; Placing count tags on pans; Pushing rank into proofing box and Keeping production records.



TABLE 9

MOLDER OPERATOR COMPETENCIES IN THE BAKERY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean Rating		3.750	3.750	3.250	. 3.250	3.250	3.250	3.000	3.000	3.000
ency 3 4		т Н	т Н	M	m	m	m	CV H	а П	г С
Frequency 1 2 3			n de Berglande algebreite	H	Н	r-l	Н	H	H	Н.
Molder Operator Competencies as Rated by Molder Operators and Others	N=4	Observe molder during operation.	Adjust machine tension for proper shaping.	Report malfunction to supervisor.	Inspect shape units of dough as they are ejected into pans from molding machine.	Discard misshapen units.	Transfer bread pans to other devices - (monorail racks, bread racks).	Follow make-up sheet.	Observe sheeter operation of the molding machine.	Adjust sheeting rollers.
Comp.		211	217	213	218	219	22 ¹ 4	† 17	215	216
Rank Order	NO.	r-I	N	(n)	4	5	9	<u> </u>	∞	σ\

TABLE 9 - Continued

 Comp.	Molder Operator Competencies as Rated by	Fre	ency		Mean
No.	t=N N=4	1 2	m	77	Rating
221	Unload full pans.	 1	rH	N	3.000
222	Place pans on rack.	rel	H	ત	3.000
212	Observe malfunction of the machine.	N		N	2.500
220	Feed empty pans into the machine.	N		Ň	2.500
225	Place count tags on pans.	N		N	2.500
223	Push rack into proofing box.	ัณ	Н	r-l	2.250
226	Keep production records.	m			1.750
		i :		**********	-

Baker-Retail

Seventeen job comptencies were identified and validated for persons whose job title in a retail establishment is Baker. Data in Table 10 provide a mean rating for each competency rated. Competencies having a mean rating in the top 25 percent were being able to: Mix according to specifications by hand or electric mixer; Read and follow recipes; Weigh and measure ingredients and Bake products. These competencies had a mean rating from 3.4 to 3.2.

Competencies rating in the bottom 20 percent with a mean rating from 2.6 to 1.2 were those associated with: Applying surface products to baked goods; Decorating cakes; Developing new recipes and Baking on a grill.



TABLE 10

BAKER-RETAIL COMPETENCIES IN THE BAKERY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.429	3.357	3.357	3.214	3.143	3.143	3.143	3.071	3.071	3.000	2.929
	†	.	&	8	9	9	<u>.</u>	5	Ø	9	· •	ιΛ
7000	9	9	. =	m	9	9	m	9	N	ĸ	īU	'n
Heartheart	2	r l	m	m	, -		m	m	Н	Н	m	α.
E	r-1	·	H		ш	N	Н		m	N	ᆏ	α
Baker-Retail Competencies as Rated by	Retail Bakers and Others N=14	Mix according to specifications by hand or using electic mixer.	Read and follow recipe or formula.	Weigh and measure ingredients.	Bake products.	Mix and bake ingredients according to recipes.	Use scale and graduated containers.	Observe color of product being baked.	Prepare batters, doughs, fillings and icings.	Bake in oven.	Roll out and shape dough.	Dump ingredients into mixing machine, bowl or steam kettle.
Comp	No.	276	270	272	277	271	274	282	273	280	278	275
Rank	Order No.	p=1	N	۲)	t	ſŲ	. 9	<u> </u>	∞	O\	10	

TABLE 10 - Continued

Rank	C. C.	10)	F	Frequency	ncy		Mean
Order No.	No.	Retail Bakers and Others N=14	Н	ત	۳	77	Rating
12	279	Place dough on pans, molds or sheets.	Н	<i>#</i>	†	2	2.929
13	283	Reginate oven temperatures.	н	m	9	4	2.929
# 변	₹87	Apply glaze, icings or other topping to baked goods using spatula or brush.	7	m	a	r.	2.571
15	285	Decorate cakes.	6	Н	m	4	2.357
91	286	Develop new recipes for cakes and icings.	6	r d	Q	N	1.786
17	281	Bake on a grill.	12	 I	Н		7.274
-mosswin	alan alan da		·				

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Bench Hand

Fifteen competencies reported in Table 11 were validated as being important to the job title Bench Hand.

Competencies rating in the top 25 percent were those requiring know-ledge and skill in: Reading and following recipes and formulas; Mixing and weighing ingredients; Combining ingredients; Placing doug in pans.

Competencies with mean ratings in the bottom 25 percent were: Kneading dough; Supervising subordinates; Keeping production and time and temperature records.



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TABLE 11

BENCH HAND COMPETENCIES IN THE BAKERY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

•	Mean	+ Rating	5 3.333	5 3.333	3.333	3.222	3.111	3.000	2.889	2.889	2.889	
	ıcy	3 4	ώ κ	ω Ľ	3 5	† †	5 3	. 3 . 3	7 3	77	. . .	
	Frequency	5		•				H				
	F	7	r-l	rl	Н	Н	r-l	r-l	N	Q	N	
		bench hands and Uthers N=9	Read and be able to follow a recipe or formula.	Mix and weigh ingredients.	Combine ingredients.	Place shaped dough in greased or floured pans.	Spread or sprinkle toppings (jelly, cinnamon, poppy seeds, etc.) on specialities.	Cut dough into uniform portions with knife or hand-powered divider.	Mold dough into loaves or desired shapes.	Place pans of dough in proof box to rise.	Adjust drafts or thermostatic controls to regulate oven temperatures.	
	Comp.	No.	230	231	232	236	237	234	235	238	240	
	Rank	order No.	r-	Q	κņ	.a	ľ	9	ţ	œ	σ	

TABLE 11 - Continued

Rank	сошр.	Bench Hand Competencies as Rated by	Fr	Frequency	ncy		Mean
No.	No.	Deficit nations with objects $N=9$	r=1	2	3	†	Rating
0	241	Remove baked goods from oven and place on cooling racks.	2	гH	ω	٣	2.778
r-	239	Insert pans of raised dough in oven to bake using peel or hook.	m		. #	N	2.556
12	233	Knead dough.	. *	Н	N	Q	2.222
13	242	Supervise subordinates.		r	· m	rl	2.111
1 4	243	Keep production records.			۳·I	rl	1.556
17	244	Add times and temperatures to dough record sheet.	9	H	N		1.556



Ovenman

Knowledge and skills felt to be of some degree of importance by employees in the job title Overman appear in Table 12.

The top 25 percent of the fifteen competencies were: Removing racks from proof box; Placing pans on oven shelf and Regulating oven heat and humidity.

Competencies in the bottom 25 percent were: Lubricating ovens; Removing baked goods from oven; Controlling oven and Oiling and adjusting oven conveyor chains.



TABLE 12

OVENMAN COMPETENCIES IN THE BAKERY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.375	3.375	3.375	3.250	3.250	2.625
	7†	7	7	r.		ľ	rv .	. 	- #	a
ency	m	8	Ŋ	N	m	N	N	α	m	m
Frequency	2	Н	m	 	 					r-l
臣	H					r-l	 -	Н	.⊣	αı
Overman Competencies as Rated by		Remove racks from proof box.	Place pans of unbaked goods on oven shelf.	Open oven door and slide products in for baking.	Observe and adjust gauges and turn valves to regulate heat or humidity of oven.	Note color of product during baking to insure uniformity of finished products.	Adjust timing and temperatures for different products for uniform merchandise.	Tend stationary or rotary hearth oven that bakes bread, pastries, etc.	Observe the overall automatic operation of the oven - loading and unloading.	Flip switch to position hearth for loading and unloading when tending rotary hearth oven.
Comp.	No.	250	252	253	254	256	261	251	255	253
Rank	No.	 	N	m	4	٧ .	6	<u></u>	Φ	٥,

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TABLE 12 - Continued

Mean	Rating	. 2.625	2.500	2.250	2.000	1.750	1.500
	77	т	m	α,	H	 	r-l
ency	3	2	Н	N	N	۲	
Frequency	5		Н		H	m	r -i
[Fe4	H	3	m	*	* †	1	9
Comp. Overman Competencies as Rated by	No. Overmen and Otrers = 3=8	262 Clean ovens.	260 Verily production count.	263 Lubricate ovens.	257 Remove baked grods from oven with hook and place them on tiered racks.	259 Control reel or conveyor type oven.	264 Oil and adjust oven conveyor chains.
Rank	oraer No.	OI		12	£ .	47	. 51

Hand Bagger

The data in Table 13 ranks in order of importance the nine competencies validated for the job title Hand Bagger.

Two competencies having a mean rating ranging from 3.3 to 3.8 were of primary importance. They were: Wrapping protective material around product and Obtaining and sorting products. Other competencies ranking between being "Important" or "Essential" were" Labeling in accordance with federal regulations; Packing selections and arranging products and Wrapping products for shipping. The lowest ranked competency was Operating the conveyor belt.

TABLE 13

HAND BAGGER COMPETENCIES IN THE BAKERY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean Rating	3.375	3.250	3.125	3.000	3.000	2.750	2.375	2.250	2.000
ή.	κ	٠ ا	بر	4	1	્રંબ	N	m	Q
ency 3	2	Н	m	r-l	N	4	Q,		m
Frequency 2 3		H		N			H	ᆏ '	
터	r l	r-l	N	H	Ø	α.	·M	7	rV.
Comp. Hand Bagger Competencies as Rated by No. N=8	291 Wrap protective material around product.	290 Obtain and sort products.	298 Label ingredients according to federal regulations.	294 Pack special selections or arrangements of products.	297 Wrap products for shipping, storage.	295 Visually inspect materials, products, and containers at each step of the packaging process.	296 Record information as to weight, date and time on filled containers.	293 Sort bundles of filled containers.	292 Start, stop and regulate speed of the conveyor belt.
Rank Order No.	p	ณ	m		ſ.	6	<u>.</u>	∞	σ,

Dairy Industry:

The dairy industry is concentrated in the irrigated, agricultural areas of Montana and is characterized by smaller processors. However, there are a few large plants who are essentially involved in the processing and distribution of whole milk. The industry is somewhat threatened by the regionalization of larger outside plants which also process specialized products such as butter and cheese. Table 14 through 23 contain ratings of competencies for various job titles in the dairy industry.

Personal Qualities

All persons interviewed within the dairy products industries were asked to react to the Personal Quality competencies. The same Personal Quality competencies were used in each job title within the four broad industrial areas. Seventy-four persons reacted to the Personal Quality competencies in the dairy industry. This appears in Table 14.

Those competencies in the top 25 percent with a mean rating from 3.8 to 3.7 were: Willingness to work; Satisfactory attendance records; Follow directions and Demonstrating a desirable job attitude.

Competencies in the bottom 25 percent with a mean ranging from 3.5 to 3.4 were: Demonstrate ability to work as a team member; Acceptable personal appearance and hygiene and Accept routine tasks. All of the personal competencies had a mean rating indicating them to be between "Important" and "Essential".



TABLE 14

PERSONAL QUALITIES COMPETENCIES IN THE DAIRY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

	Mean Rating	3.784	3.676	.3.662	3.662	3.635	3.635	3-595	3.581	3.554
	14	59	17	. 20	53	61	1,7	64	84	43
	3 3	77	22	R	11	23	27	20	덦	29
	Frequency 2	н	H	r-l	#	a		1	Ŋ	N
-	Fi (-)							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Personal Qualities Competencies as Mared by Employees in the Dairy Industry	Demonstrate a willingness to work.	Maintain a satisfactory attendance record.	Demonstrate the ability to follow directions of supervisor.	Demonstrate a desirable job attitude about the organization when working with fellow employees, potential customers and customers.	Demonstrate the ability to get along with others.	Work safely and neatly.	Demonstrate a willingness to learn or take supervision.	Demonstrate the ability to work independently.	Demonstrate the ability to project a desirable image for the firm.
	Comp.	p-1	감	m	œ	ſΛ	9	α	<u>بر</u>	10
	Rank Order	NO.	0	. ო	.	7	9	j ~~	∞	6

TABLE 14 - Continued

Frequency	1 2 3 4 Rating	1 3 25 45 3.541	5 27 42 3.500	5 33 36 3.419
Personal Qualities Competencies as Rated by	N=1	Demonstrate the ability to work cooperatively as a member of a team.	Demonstrate acceptable personal appearance and personal hygiene.	Accept routine tasks without becoming disinterested.
Comp.	No.	!	0,	Ħ
Rank	No.	10	p	8

Plant Supervisor

Twenty-two persons reacted to competencies of some degree of importance to the job title Plant Supervisor. Reactions to the forty-six validated competencies appear in Table 15.

Appearing in the top 25 percent and having a mean rating ranging between 3.4 and 3.6 were: Coordinating production activities; Supervising workers; Rejecting sub-standard goods and services; Being familiar with production capacities, plant layout and sanitation procedures; Using basic mathematics; Computing consumable materials; Consulting with executives; Assessing methods to improve production methods, equipment performance and product quality.

Competencies in the lowest 25 percent and having a mean rating between 1.2 and 2.8 were: Writing reports and keeping records; Awareness of marketing problems; Conducting plant surveys; Arranging transportation; Being a licensed boiler operator; Estimating and determining prices and sales; Understanding union policy; Analyzing economic trends and Reading a flour analysis chart.

TABLE 15

PLANT SUPERVISOR COMPETENCIES IN THE DAIRY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.636	3.636	3.591	3.545	3.500	3.455	3.455	3.455	3.455	
1 1	3 4	2 17	6 15	h 16	ψT 9	8 13	6 13	10 11	7 13	8 12	
Frequency	ત	m	i-1	H	Q		m	r-l	~	Ø	
E	rd			r~l		r-1			H		
Plant Supervisor Competencies as Rated by Plant Supervisors and Others	N=22	Coordinate all activities of production.	Supervise and coordinate activities of workers engaged in production, manufacturing and processing of products.	Have a knowledge of all production processes.	Refect sub-standard goods and services.	Be familiar with production capacities of each department.	Be familiar with plant lay-out.	Plan and develop production procedures.	Oversee sanitation standards.	Compute quantities of materials to be used.	
Сошр	NO.	ದ	39	50	63	33	22	56	31	54	
Rank Order	No.	p	α	т	- # ⁺	7.	9	· t	∞	O.	



TABLE 15 - Continued

Mean Rating	3.455	3.409	3.364	3.364	3.318	3.318	3.273	3.273	3.227	3.22T	3.182
†	11.	12	11	10	12	11	10	П	П	Ħ	7
ency 3	10	©	Φ	10	9	Φ	9/	œ	 -	9	13
Frequency 2	H	뻐	m	N	m	N	N	 1	N	#	H
단		H	. ·.		red	Н	H	N	Q	rl -	H
Plant Supervisor Competencies as Rated by Plant Supervisors and Others N=22	Be able to use basic mathematics.	Consult with company executives.	Originate and assess measures to designate or improve production methods, equipment performance and product quality.	Purchase gonds or services.	Oversee the maintenance of plant equipment.	Direct quality control.	Be aware of raw material sources and supply.	Have technical knowledge of the materials or products in the products being produced.	Confer with department heads to formulate programs regarding availability of raw materials.	Be knowledgeable about all machinery used in the plant.	Train new employees.
Comp.	82	[†] ₹	27	₹	36	37	58 28	2.5	25	30	10
Rank Order No.	10	Ħ	21	13	拉门	15	16	17	18	19	20

TABLE 15 - Continued

Comp.	Plant Supervisor Competencies as Rated by Plant Supervisors and Others	E.	Frequency	Suc A	-	Mean
	4	r-I	0	m	#	Rating
of In	Instruct employees in the fullfillment of their duties.	m	N	7	∞	3.182
젎	Project manpower requirements.	N	H	10	6	3.182
H	Hire and fire employees.	N	Q	ω	10	3.182
දු දි	Spell out specifications of acceptability for raw materials.	r~l	m.	0/	O)	3.182
ij	Direct activities of subordinate employees.	H	m	10	ω	3.136
Re	Requisition supplies.	N	H	11	œ	3.136
Ig	Identify the purchasing needs for the business.	N	m	2	10	3.136
Re	Recommend changes in working conditions.		m	14	2	3.091
H W	Interpret company policy and production procedures to subordinates.	H	#	10	<u></u>	3.045
Ha	Handle workers grievances.	H	77	13	4	5.909
S.	Supervise apprenticeship or training programs.	M	4	-	∞	2.909
ជ	Prepare time and cost estimates.	m	. ‡	ω	<u> </u>	2.864



TABLE 15 - Continued

Mean	Rating	2.864	2.864	2.818	2.773	2.773	2.727	2.682	2.636	2.545	2.545	2.500
	7,	ľ	. 9		9	۲V	M	V	6	٠.	٠.	m
ncy	е	01	9	!	7	10	12		Ø	7	<u></u>	10
Frequency	2	. 6	7	5	7	: †	1 0	10	7	rV	77	7
뒾	r-I	r-I	Ø	m	N	m	α	≠	9	ſΛ	<u>.</u>	ī.
Supervisor C	Plant Supervisors and Others N=22	Make modifications in machines and equipment.	Understand marketing, contract and credit conditions.	Write to supervisors, reports of production figures and completion dates.	Prepare production and labor records.	Be aware of marketing and distribution problems.	Plant surveys to determine effectiveness of manpower utilization.	Arrange for delivery and different modes of transportation.	Be licensed to operate a boiler.	Estimate price based on market reports, grades, transportation, supplies, etc.	Determine prices of products produced in accordance with state laws.	Decermine sales forecasts.
Camp	No.	38	56	34	35	恕	54	65	29	. 59	9	51
Rank	Order No.	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	07	F 1	, 1,2	E.

TABLE 15 - Continued

Rank Order No.	Comp. No.	Plant Supervisor Competencies as Rated by Plant Supervisors and Others N=22	<u>Fr</u>	Frequency	acy 3 4	·Mean Rating	
44	64	Understand union policy.	L	3 7	7 5	 2,455	
45	52	Analyze economic trends.	7	m	3 8 4	 5.409	
94	32	Read flour analysis chart provided by mill.	50	Н	H	1.182	····

Machinery Operator

The Machinery Operator competencies were rated by twenty-two employees. Competency means were computed and the 35 competencies were ranked in order; these data appear in Table 16.

Competencies appearing in the top 25 percent with mean ratings from 3.8 to 3.5 were: Inspection of filled containers; Quality of finished products; Assuring sanitary procedures; Reporting malfunctions of machinery; Replenishing packaging supplies; Unloading packaged products and Weighing and adjusting container quantity.

Competencies with a mean rating ranging from 3.0 to 2.2 and which were ranked in the lowest 25 percent of the competencies were: Conveyance of materials; Setting guides; Keeping records; Adjusting conveyance machinery; Adjusting and repairing machinery and Maintaining union membership.



TABLE 16

MACHINERY OPERATOR COMPETENCIES IN THE DAIRY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.773	3.773	3.727	3.591	3.591	3.545	3.545	3.500	3.455	
Frequency	3 4	2 19	2 19	3 18	9 13	. 2 17	5 15	5 15	5 15	7 13	
Fred	1 2	Н	. 🗗	н		1 2	н	-	N	ㄷ	
Machinery Operator Competencies as Rated by	Machinery Operators and Others N=22	Inspect filled container to insure packaging according to specifications.	Check to insure finished quality product (proper closing, appearance of carton).	Visually inspect materials, products and containers at each step of the packaging process.	Be aware of all sanitary procedures.	Report malfunctions of machinery to supervisor.	Replenish packaging supplies (wrapping paper, plastic sheeting, boxes, cartons, bags, etc.).	Unload packaged product.	Weigh containers and adjust quantity.	Open valves.	
Comb.	No.	96	76	86	70	I 8	93	66	85	₹8	
Rank Order	No.	·	QI L	m	. t	5	6	<u></u>	∞	0,	

TABLE 16 - Continued

Mean	Rating	3.455	3.455	3.455	3.409	3.364	3.364	3.318	3.318	3.273	3.273	3.227
	†	17	16	11	12	ω ·	17	10	15	o v .	10	σ,
Frequency	۳ ۱	9	m	H	œ	14	.7	10	a	11	0)	10
regu	7			H	H		N	Н	N	H	RI	8
124	н	Ø	m	m	 -	,	N	, H	Μ	H	Н	· H
Operator C	Machinery Operators and Others N=22	Adjust conveyors or control valves, spouts, etc. to regulate flow of product.	Label ingredients according to federal regulations.	Record weight, size and type of products packaged.	Observe operation and detect malfunction.	Accept routine tasks without becoming disinterested.	Lubricate equipment.	Stop machines.	Feed products onto conveyors, hoppers.	Tend machine that performs one or more packaging functions (filling, marking, weighing, wrapping, closing, etc.).	Start machines.	Make minor adjustments to machinery.
Comp.	No.	98	100	101	79	7	06	. 80	75	72	78	82
Rank	Order No.	10	H	12	ដ	Τţ	15	91	17	80 H	19	50

TABLE 16 - Continued

Mean	Rating	3.227	3.227	3.227	3.091	3.091	3.045	3.045	3.000	3.000	2.955	2.909
A	3 4	6 12	13	Ħ	.	. 10	9	11	<u>.</u>	0	&	6
Frequency	2	FI	£ 4	2 J	3 11	2 7	3 12	2 5	3 10	3 7	3	3 6
E	pri	m	Ø	N	r-I	n	r-i	†	ณ	m	, M	†
`	Machinery Operators and Others N=22	Feed carton into machine and remove them from discharge conveyor.	Clear away damaged products or containers.	Keep machine yield records.	Place materials or products on conveyors, pallets or plastic trays.	Keep and compile stock records.	Have a basic mechanical ability.	Position and hold container in machine.	Convey materials and items from receiving or production areas to storage by hand or using machinery.	Set guides.	Keep records of materials or items received or distributed.	Adjust tension on drive belts, conveyons or chains.
Comp.	No.	24	95	102	75	103	11	8	47	88	104	89
Rank	No	ರ	22	ଷ	7 7	25	52	27	28	29	30	31

TABLE 16 - Continued

Rank	Comp	Machinery Operator Competencies as Rated by	Fr	Frequency	ncy		Mean
Order No.	No.	Machinery Operators and Others N=22	m	2 3	3	, †	Rating
32	76	Directly place materials or products on trucks using either hands, hoists, or winches.	٣	٣	3 3 12 4	4	. 2.773
33	83	Repair machinery.	Ø	-	; -	9	2.773
34	. 87	Change forming and cutting dies.	9	m	- \$	9	2.727
35	73	Maintain Union membership.	Φ	5	Ŋ	*	2.227

Cooler Man

Nineteen competencies were rated by fifteen Cooler Men. A rank order by mean appears in Table 17. Insure the proper rotation of stock; Count, rotate or weigh incoming articles to verify receipt; Convey materials by hand or machine; Sort articles and products according to size or type were the competencies ranking in the top 25 percent.

Those in the lowest 25 percent were knowledge and skills involved in: Issuing supplies; Preparing inventories and shipping tags; Maintaining union membership; Wrapping products and Operating a fork lift.



TABLE 17

COOLER MAN COMPETENCIES IN THE DAIRY INDUSTRY
E.INK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.467	3.267	3.200	3.133	3,133	3.067	3.067	3.067
	†	6	<u></u>	φ	5	<u>د</u>	<i>‡</i>	J on	9
ncy	٣	, r V	9	! .	. ©	œ	0/	rV	٠,
Frequency	2		 i	H	m	Н	뻐		Н
F	r!	· m	r1	ed	H	H	r-d	'n	N
Cooler Man Competencies as Rated by	cooler men and utners	Inswe proper rotation of stock.	Count, sort or weigh incoming articles to verify receipt of items on requisitions or invoices.	Convey materials and items from receiving or production areas to storage areas by hand or using machinery.	Store articles in cooler, bins, on floor or shelves according to identifying information.	Sort products as to size, type or product code.	Examine stock to verify conformance to specifications.	Determine methods of storage and identification; location considering temperature, humidity and height and weight limits.	Fill orders.
Comp.	No.	742	135	133	177	143	138	139	941
Rank	order No.	r-l	cu .	. (*)		īV	9	-	ω

TABLE 17 - Continued

Mean	Rating	2.933	2.933	2.867	2.800	2.733	2.667	2.600	2.533	2.267	2.200	2.000	
	77	ŀΛ	- ⇒	4	. #	=	7	ii)	m		m	H	
ency	m	9	7	7	ţ	Q	r	5	rv	N	,m	ľV.	
Frequency	5.2	N	m	N .	r- l	N		Ŋ	#	m	, m	a	
[SE	F-1	N	H	N	m	m	'n	#	m	9	· (9	<u> </u>	
Cooler Man Com	Coorer wen and coners	Have the strength requirements to lift heavy items.	Place materials or products on conveyor or truck by hand or hoists, winches, etc.	Receive, store and issue equipment, material supplies, products, etc.	Keep records of materials or items received or distributed.	Fill requisitions, work orders and material requests.	Issue supplies from stock.	Prepare periodic, special or perpetual inventory of stock.	Prepare shîppîng tags.	Maintain Union membership.	Wrap protective material around product.	Operate a fork lift machine.	
Comp.	No.	130	134	132	145	137	ThT	148	140	131	15.4	136	
Rank	No.	Ø١	70	p	Cl Fl	13	#	15	91	<u> </u>	138	6	414n



Routeman

Competencies rated by Routeman (dairy) appear in Table 18. Fifteen persons reacted to sixteen validated occupational competencies. Rating in the top 25 percent with a mean rating of 3.7 to 3.6 were: Being properly licensed; Driving delivery truck over established route; Making collections for delivery and Loading truck with products. Of equal importance were the competencies related to: Writing a delivery order and Making out an invoice.

Knowledge and skills with a mean rating of between 3.4 and 2.9 were: Soliciting new business; Disseminating new products or services; Stocking shelves; Keeping records; Picking up empty containers; Balancing cash against inventory and Setting up sales displays.



TABLE 18

ROUTEMAN COMPETENCIES IN THE DAIRY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

ncy Mean 3 4 Rating	2 12 3.733	h 11 3.733	5 10 3.677	h 10 3.600	3 11 3.600	3 11 3.600	3 11 3.600	4 10 3.533	2 11 3.467
Frequency 1 2 3	r-l		·	r-l	r~l	H	 	rl	α_
Routeman Competencies as Rated by Routemen and Others	Have the appropriate license if license is required.	Drive truck over established route to deliver, sell and display products,	Make collections for deliveries.	Load truck with items.	Drive truck to deliver items to customer's home or place of business.	Write a delivery order.	Make out an invoice for merchandise left.	Keep records of collections.	Be accountable for the merchandise by charge tickets, cash tickets or returned products.
Comp.	110		118	112	113	911	117	123	125
Rank Order No.	r-l	8	٣	4	r.	6	<u> </u>	ဆ	6



TABLE 18 - Continued

Comp	Routeman Competencies as Rated by	Fr	Frequency	ıcy		Mean
	Routemen and Others N=15	r-I	2	3 4		Rating
<u> </u>	Call on prospective customers to solicit new business.			9	·	3.400
115	Inform customers of new products or services.	Н	Н	4 9	····	3.400
119	Place stock on shelves or racks.	ï r l	Н	6 4		3.400
122	Keep records of quantities delivered to customers.	α,		3 10		3.400
ISI	Collect or pick up emoty containers and rejected merchaniase.	r-l		<u>-</u>		(6) (7) (7) (7)
124	Balance cash against cash inventories.	C)	rl	0H. 8		(A)
120	Set up sales displays and posters.	C/J	C)	ώ γ		. 2,933
		٠				

Buttermaker

The data in Table 19 summarizes the rating given competencies in the job title Buttermaker. Eleven persons ranked the following competencies in the top 25 percent: Maintenance of temperature; Be able to pasteurize cream; Test for moisture; Add or remove water; Operate a churn; Test butter for consistency and conduct various butter tests; Be familiar with sanitary procedures and Keep yield records.

Competencies whose mean rating appeared in the lowest 25 percent were: Connect cream pipes to churn; Start churn; Spray butter; Determine amounts of ingredients; Grade butter; Control equipment to make butter grades and Separate cream to obtain butter oil.



TABLE 19

BUTTERMAKER COMPETENCIES IN THE DAIRY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.727	3.4727	3.636	3.636	3.545	3.545	3.545	3.545	3.545	3.545
	7	. O.	01	Q)	Ο\	φ	∞	∞	φ	ω	8
Frequency	2 3			r-1	r - -	N	N	CV .	N	a.	CV .
Fre	ri	r-l	Н	r-l .	H _.	Н	r-l	Н	Н	rl	r - I
Buttermaker Competencies as Rated by	Buttermakers and Others	Maintain proper temperatures.	Pasteurîze cream.	Test butter for moisture.	Add or remoye water as required.	Operate a butter churn.	Test butter for consistency.	Turn valves and regulate gauges to regulate temperature.	Test sample by smell, taste and feel to grade butter.	Be acquainted with all sanitary procedures.	Keep yield records.
Sand P	No.	358	370	364	. 36 <u>7</u>	351	366	376	378	379	382
Rank	Order No.	p[CVI	(*)	. e==	₹.	9	<u></u>	æ	σ,	0

TABLE 19 - Continued

Mean	Rating	3.455	3.455	3.455	3,455	3.364	3.364	3.364	3.273	3.273	3.273	3.273	3.273	
y.	7;	!	<u></u>	7	t	Φ.	Ψ	[1		9	Ļ	ţ	5	
Frequency	°.	m	m	m.	m	<u>न</u>	ቭ	2	2	M	N	ci H	₹.	
Fre	Ţ	rl	Н	. H	H	н .	Ä	H	rH	rl	N.	H	r-l	•
	Daccermaner's	Test butter for salt content.	Use testing equipment.	Read gauges.	Keep production records.	Start pump to convey sterile solution through equipment.	Observe separation of buttermilk from butter.	Test for salt content and acidity.	Test cream for butterfat.	Admit measured amount of pasteurized creaminto churn.	Pump buttermilk from churn.	Open churn.	Supervise the activities of subordinates.	
Comp.	No.	365	373	374	381	353	357	372	354	355	359	360	380	
Rank	No.	디	12	Ŋ	4	15	91	17	18	19	50	ส	. 22	



TABLE 19 - Continued

Mean	Rating	3.182	3.182	3.182	3.182	3.091	3.091	2.909	2.909	2.545	2.545	1.909
	†	ι ν .	5	<i>‡</i>	9	5	. #	9	m	m	4	0
ency	m	4	4	9	m	†	5	H	9	m .	α .	N
Frequency	ય	H.	H				H	H		N	r i	
压		H.	Н	H	N	a	H .	m	Ø	m	4	Ţ
Buttermaker Competencies as Rated by	Buttermakers and Others N=11	Connect sanitary pipe between cream storage vat and churn.	Start churn.	Spray butter with cholorinated water to remoye residue buttermilk.	Determine necessary amounts of ingredients to add for specified grade.	Add coloring to meet specifications.	Grade butter according to prescribed standards.	Control equipment to make grades of butter.	Compare butter with color chart.	Make butter by the butter chilling method.	Turn yalyes and regulate gauges to regulate flow of water, refrigerant and butter oil through chilling yat.	Separate cream to obtain butter oil.
2	No.	352	356	36 <u>1</u>	375	363	368	350	362	369	377	371
Rank	Order No.	ಬ	Źţ	25	56	12	28	53	30	똤	32	33

Cheesemaker

Fourteen persons reacted to the validated competency instrument on the importance of certain competencies to the job title Cheesemaker.

The mean rating of the knowledge and skills appear in Table 20.

Those competencies appearing in the top 25 percent with a mean rating from 3.7 to 3.6 were: Cook milk; Follow directions; Control temperatures; Determine firmness and texture; Observe sanitary procedures; Operate agitator; Determine rennet to be added and Pulling curd knives.

Competencies whose mean ratings were among the lowest 25 percent were: Securing ingredients; Filling vats; Determining acidity; Keeping records; Having mechanical ability; Separating curds and Directing activities of Subordinates.



TABLE 20

CHEESE MAKER COMPETENCIES IN THE DAIRY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Rank	Comp.	ΙŪ	Frequency	Å	Mean
Order No.	No.	Cheese Makers and Others N=14	123	1 7	Rating
r-l	38 <i>T</i>	Cook milk and specified ingredients to make cheese according to formula.	H	12	3.714
α.	386	Read and follow a recipe and formula.	m m	10	3.643
m	400	Cook curd at prescribed temperature.	H	Ħ	3.643
. :t	104	Determine desired firmness and texture.	1	7	3.643
rv	385	Be acquainted with all sanitation procedures.	+ +	6	3.571
9	391	Heat milk to specified temperature.	В	10	3.571
	393	Operate agitator to mix ingredients.	€	10	3.571
60	395	Determine amount of rennet to be added.	г 	10	3.571
0	397	Pull curd knives through curd.	Н	10	3.571
01	399	Observe thermometer and regulate heat.	, H	10	3.571
	394	Determine acidity by testing milk sample.	.	6	3.500

TABLE 20 - Continued

Frequency	2 3 4 Rating	3 2 9 3.429	2 10 3.429	2 10 3.429	1 3 9 3.429	1 3 9 3.429	5 8 3.429	1 1 10 3.357	3. 9 3.357	1		- ω ω	3 8 8 7 5 5	# K F Z	4 8 7 8 4
F	1		N	N	ᆏ.	r-l	[m-	a	Q		ı Q	N N	a a	1 Q Q M	н м к н
Cheese Maker Compe	Cheese Makers and Others N=14	Pasteurize and separate milk to obtain prescribed butterfat content.	Determine proper quantity and type of dye and starter to be added to milk.	Determine when to stop agitator to allow milk to coagulate into curd.	Taste, smell, feel and observe sample for quality.	Keep records of time cycles.	Keep yield records.	Secure the necessary ingredients.	Adjust valves to fill vat with milk.		Determine the finished acidity of product.	finished acidity of fingredients used.	inished acidity of ingredients used. uical ability.	ed.	Determine the finished acidity of product. Keep records of ingredients used. Have basic mechanical ability. Separate curds with hand scoop to release whey. Direct activities of subordinates.
Comp.	No.	389	392	396	†0 †	90† ₇	Į04	388	390		7,02	\$0†	402 405 468	405 405 468 398	405 405 396 403
Rank	Order No.	S	E .	打工	15	16	17	. 18	19	,	50	20 21	, 82 K2 82	, 02 tz 82 . 23 . 23 . 23	, 52 23 42 23 42 42



Pasteurizer

The job title Pasteurizer was rated by nineteen persons; the mean ratings are ranked in Table 21. The top ranked competencies with a mean rating ranging between 3.6 and 3.3 were: Acquainted with sanitary procedures; Keep products clean; Operator homogenizer and pumps; Kill bacteria and Know proper temperatures for pasteurizing.

The knowledge and skills which pasteurizers ranked in the lowest 25 percent were: Keeping of records; Inventories; Advising supervisor about products needed; Regulating temperature for tester freezing and Maintaining union membership.



TABLE 21

PASTEURIZER COMPETENCIES IN THE DAIRY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.579	3.474	3.316	3.316	3.263	3.263	3.263	3.211	3.158	3.158
ıcy	3 4	2 15	4 13	3 12	4 12	3 12	2 13	5 11	3 11	6 9	5 10
Frequency	2			N	•	· 1			· m	Q	r-l
E	Н	N	0	ณ	m	m	<i>\</i>	m ·	α	α	m ·
10	Pasteurizers and Others	Be acquainted with all sanitation procedures.	Insure that food products are kept clean.	Operate homogenizers.	Kill bacteria, especially pathogens.	Operate timing pumps.	Clean and sterilize equipment.	Have a knowledge of proper temperatures for pasteurizing.	Assemble machinery.	Know the operation of machinery to adjust pressure, etc.	Regulate temperatures.
Comp.	No.	65 _† t	458	Ltt	154	944	7,60	194	844	544	644
Rank	Order No.	rH	N	ķ	4	Ŋ	9	· [∞	σ,	0



TABLE 21 - Continued

Mean	Rating	3.105	3.105	3.105	3.053	3.000	2.947	2.895	2.895	2.842	2,842	2,842	2,789
	†	10	H	0	0,	0	t	9	. α	80	ω	<u></u>	ľ
ency	<u>س</u>	7	N	9	iv.	77	Φ.	7	9	7	. 77	\Q	ω.
Frequency	2		m,	H	a	m		77			m	, N	m
	r-i	. #	m	m	ή	m	4	N	rv.	7	†	7	m
Pasteurizer Compe	rasteurizers and Others	Execute the duties of a lead man for producing quality products.	Read and interpret a formula or recipe.	Pasteurize by holding method.	Regulate the bacterial count by controlling temperatures.	Mix and blend ingredients thoroughly.	Determine the proper butterfat content of products.	Have a basic mechanical ability.	Prepare mix for homogenizing.	Operate vacuum pasteurizer.	Dissolve sugar, dry milk, egg yolk, etc.	Regulate temperatures to lower viscosity of mix (less fat clumping).	Supervise subordinates activities.
Comp.	No.	044	151	7462	1,63	452	75t	11/17	726	7,50	455	191	ፒቲቲ
Rank	No.	T	12	13	#	15	16	21	18	19	20	ম	22

- 88 -



TABLE 21 - Continued

Mean	Rating	2.737	2.632	2.579	2.526	2.368	2.316	1.895
	7	ı٧	5	5	بر م	9	ľ	m
ency	m	ω	9	-	9 .	m	†	α
Frequency	2	N	77	Н	N	N	· 01	#
F±4		7	77	9	9	∞	∞	10
Comp.		466 Keep production records.	468 Keep inventories (freezers, supplies).	467 Keep records of yield.	442 Advise plant foreman or supervisor of materials of products needed.	453 Melt butter.	465 Regulate temperature for tester freezing in batch freezer.	μμ3 Maintain Union membership.
Rank	Oraer No.	23	Ţ,	25	56	12	58	53

Laboratory Technician

Eleven laboratory technicians rated the competencies for the job title Laboratory Technician. These data appear in Table 22.

Ferforming lab tests properly; Rejecting impure samples; Using clean lab equipment; Performing quality control functions; Being familiar with sanitary procedures and Keeping test records were the competencies ranking among the highest 25 percent.

Those rating among the bottom 25 percent with mean ratings between 1.9 and 2.7 were: Testing for penicilli; Supervising subordinates; Determining composition of solid, liquid or gaseous materials, Operating agitators, condensers, vibrating screens and Maintaining Union membership.

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TABLE 22

LABORATORY TECHNICIAN COMPETENCIES IN THE DAIRY INDUSTRY.
RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.727	3.636	3.545	3.455	3.1.55	3.455	3.455	3.364	3.364	3.364	
	†7	&	_	<u></u>	rv.	<u>-</u>	Ó	<u></u>	}	φ	<u> </u>	
ency	<u>۳</u>	Μ	†	m	9	m	†	Μ	Q	Н	N	
Frequency	2			Н			Н		Н		1	.
E	႕		•			H		H	гН	N	H	
	Laboratory Technicians and Others N=11	Perform laboratory tests according to prescribed standards.	Reject impure samples.	Clean and sterilize laboratory equipment.	Determine product substances for quality control, process control and/or product development.	Test samples of manufactured products for quality control.	Be familiat with all sanitary procedures.	Keep records of tests made.	Operate centrifuges.	Propogate starters and cultures.	Execute several tests for butter fats and solids.	
Comp	No.	11.4	η¥30	432	† T†	425	18†	433.	614	423	924	
Rank	Order No.	r-4	αı	m	.	ľ	Ø	<u></u>	80	o,	01	



TABLE 22 - Continued

Mean	Rating	3.364	3.364	3.273	3.273	3.182	3.182	3.091	3.091	3.000	2.909	2.909	2.818	2.727
	-1	9	ın į	<u></u>	7	9	4	ľ	ľ	<i>‡</i> †	ľ۸٠	ľ	4	7
ency	m	- -	ľ	N	Ø	m	ľV	m	4	#	N	m	m	т
Frequency	2		(- - ,			•	Ņ	N		a	αÏ		α.	r-I
±4	r-1	r-l		α.	0	N.		Н	a	Н	N	m	a	m
Technician Compe	Laboratory Technicians and Others	Keep inventories of materials and supplies.	Communicate test results lirectly to plant manager.	Test samples of milk from bulk transports.	Test for bacterial counts.	Weet the qualifications for licensing.	Determine chemical and physical characteristics of products.	Operate grinders or blenders.	Keep records of quality control measures.	Adjust laboratory apparatus.	Operate ovens.	Test for WMT (Wisconsin Mastitis Test).	Set up laboratory apparatus.	Test for penicillin.
Comp	No.	435	438	1;2h	427	710	7175	417	434	116	750	429	415	+ 28
Rank	Order No.	r- r-	Q rd	m r-l	<u></u> 라	1.5	91	<u></u>	8	ტ Н	50	2	22	m

TABLE 22 - Continued

Rank	- Campa	Laboratory Technician Competencies as Rated by	E	Frequency	ncy		Mean
Order No.	No.	Laboratory Technicians and Others	1	2	3	7	Rating
. [†] Z	ħ37	Supervise activities of subordinates.	8	ญ	4	M,	2.727
25	413	Determine the composition of solid, liquid or gaseous materials.	rH	4	#	N	2.636
56	4 <u>1</u> 8	Operate agitator.	4	. `	. #	m	2.545
27	121	Operate condensers.	7	г·I	m	Q	2.182
58	422	Operate vibrating screens.	9	I	N	ત્ય	2.000
59	7,36	Maintain Union membership.		# .		ณ	1.909
	aa						

Tce Cream Maker

Ice Cream Maker competencies were rated by thirty-eight persons. Data from these responses appear in Table 23. Competencies ranking in the top 25 percent with a mean rating from 3.0 to 3.5 were: Blending formulas; following recipes; Cleaning and sterilizing equipment; Knowing sanitation procedures; Weighing and measuring ingredients and Having a knowledge of flavoring and ingredients.

Knowledge and skills ranked among the lowest 25 percent were: Operating pumps; Adjusting pressure gauges; Regulating filling valves; Keeping inventories; Regulating pumps; Supervising subordinates and Inserting novelty dies to form center designs.

TABLE 23

ICE CREAM MAKER COMPETENCIES IN THE DAIRY INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.500	3.400	3.350	3.300	3.200	3.200	3.050	3.000	3.000	2,950	
	‡	15	13	13	12	12	12	<u>.</u>	œ	œ	∞	
ncy	m	N	7	7	17	77	7	10	∞	Φ	5-	ì
Frequency	2	r-l	ıН								Н	
Į į	н	Q	N	m	ന്	77	7	m	. ‡	77	~	
10	Ice Cream Makers and Others 	Blend ingredients according to formula for ice cream.	Read and follow a recipe and formula.	Clean and sterilize equipment.	Be acquainted with all sanitation procedures.	Weigh and measure ingredients (with pasteurizer).	Weigh package.	Haye knowledge of flayoring and ingredients,	Fill hopper of feeder with candy, fruits and nuts using scoop:	Keep blades of freezers sharp and honed.	Regulate and inject air into mix.	
Comp.	No.	472	174	767	Ţ6 ₇	7.24	788	473	9 <i>L</i> †(193	181	
Rank	Order No.	Н	Q	m	~ *	۲,	9	t	Φ	ο,	10	

TABLE 23 - Continued

Mean Rating	2.950	() () ()	C) try Q) ()	ر ش ش رد:	2.500	2.800	2.800	2.750	2.750	2.750	
-1	0,	σv	\C	ţ	ω	æ		∞.	<u> </u>	, 6	No. Smeglis
lency 3	9	W	٥٧	α	7	9	~	fU.	r	ω	
Frequency 2 3			rl		4		Н	Н		. 1	
F-1	7.	ĽΛ	. 	72	۲.,٠	6	7	9	9	ŗ./	
Ice Cream Maker Competencies as Rated by Ice Cream Makers and Others	Adjust controls to obtain specified freezing temperature, air pressure and machine speed,	Adjust filler head to insure proper amount of product in each container.	Operate one or more continuous freezers and other equipment.	Start beater, scraper and expeller blades to mix contents.	Assemble pipes, fittings and equipment for operation using wrench.	Assemble freezer.	Keep production records.	Regulate valves to force mix into freezer barrels.	Determine the amount of refrigerant to be used in freezer coils to maintain proper temperature.	Keep ingredient inventories.	
Comp. No.	†8†	187	0.2.4	482	489	7,90	767	614	¹ 80	961	
Rank Order Mo.	r r	f v) Fel	(*) rf	at cl	5	91	17	& rd	6	50	1

TABLE 23 - Continued

Rank	Comp.	Ice Cream Maker Competencies as Rated by	Fr	Frequency	ney		Mean
Order No.	No.	Ice Cream Makers and Others N=38	н	2	3	7;	Rating
な	16t ₁	Keep yield records.	ľ	Ŋ	9	<u></u>	2.750
22	475	Operate pumps.	9	m	9	[2.700
23	483	Observe and adjust ammeter and pressure gauge.	9		ω	9.	2.700
2ħ	485	Regulate valve to transfer contents to filling machine to fill cartons, cups, cones or molds.	6		8	9	. 2.700
25	495	Keep ice cream freezer inventories.	7	m	ſΛ		2.700
56	824	Regulate rippling pump.	9	a	9	9	2.600
27	7,98	Supervise subordinates activities.	9	m	9	5	2.500
28	ĹĹħ	Pour syrups into holder of rippling pump.	-	Ø	9	2	2.450
59	1,86	Insert novelty dies in filler head to separate flayors and form center designs.	ထ	0 -	-	m	2.250
<u></u>							

Meat Industry:

Montana has three large packing plants in which the duties for employees are highly specified. In addition there are a large number of small isolated slaughtering houses and meat processing plants in the state. Several of the smaller operations expressed their need for competent assistants with some training. Conversely, due to specialization, the large packing plants desire to train their own employees for their unique operation.

Personal Qualities

Personal qualities competencies were administered to 54 employees in the six job titles in the meat industry. The data in Table 24 shows that being able to: Follow directions; Take supervision; and Demonstrate a willingness to work were those competencies which ranked among the highest 25 percent.

All of the personal qualities on the importance scale were valued by employees to be either "Important" or "Essential".

Working independently; Projecting a desirable firm image and Accepting routine tasks without becoming disinterested were the competencies which ranked in the bottom 25 percent.



TABLE 24

PERSONAL QUALITIES COMPETENCIES IN THE MEAT INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean Rating	3.667	3.630	3.613	3.537	3.537	3.500	3.500	3.444	3.426
Frequency 1 2 3 4	1 16 37	1 18 35	21 33	1 23 30	1 23 30	27 27	ZZ ZZ	3 24 27	5 21 28
Personal Qualities Competencies ar Rated by Employees in the Meat Industry N=54	Demonstrate the ability to follow directions of supervisor.	Demonstrate a willingness to learn or take supervision.	Demonstrate a willingness to work.	Work safely and neatly.	Demonstrate a desirable job attitude about the organization when working with fellow employees, potential customers and customers.	Demonstrate the ability to work cooperatively as a member of a team.	Maintain a satisfactory attendance record.	Demonstrate the ability to get along with others.	Demonstrate acceptable personal appearance and personal hygiene.
Comp. No.	т	α	r-l	9	∞	(12	7.	σ
Rank Orđer No.	r-l	a	Υ	,	<u>ا</u>	9	<u> </u>	Φ	Φ,

Ŷ

TABLE 24 - Continued

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Mean	Rating	3.315	3.315	3.315	
Frequency	1 2 3 4	4 29 21	1, 29 21	2 33 19	
Personal Qualities Competencies as Rated by Employees in the Meat Industry		Demonstrate the ability to work independently.	Demonstrate the ability to project a desirable image for firm.	Accept routine tasks without becoming disinterested.	
Comp.	2	4	10	뻐	
Rank Order	No.	O H	f	CZ E	

Supervisor Competencies

The responses of fifteen supervisors to previously validated competencies appear in Table 25. The cluster of competencies in the top 25 percent are: Have knowledge of plant production processes; Consult with executives; Supervise work of others; Oversee sanitation and quality standards; Plan, develop and improve production procedures; Know plant machinery; Order and control the flow of materials to plant and Estimate price based on market reports, grades, transportation supplies, etc.

Knowledge and skills ranking among the lowest 25 percent and ranging between 1.5 and 2.7 were: Employing, training, supervising and discharging people; Analyzing economic trends; Determining price; Modifying machines and equipment and Keeping various records.

The two lowest rated competencies had a mean rating between 1.5 and 1.7. They were being able to read a flour analysis chart provided by the mill and Being licensed to operate a boiler.



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TABLE 25

SUPERVISOR COMPETENCIES IN THE MEAT INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

·	Mean	Rating	3.400	3.333	3.267	3.200	3.200	3.133	3.067	3.067	3.067
		7	80	0/	!	©	·rv	- ‡	6		ľ.
	ency	3	5	₹	9	77	9/	0/	7	-	ω
	Frequency	ત	8		H	Н		N	ณ	N	·
	F	1		N	H	N	Н		Ø	rl	ณ
	Comp. Supervisor Competencies as Rated by	No. N=15	20 Have a knowledge of all production processes.	24 Consult with company executives.	Supervise and coordinate activities of workers engaged in production, manufacturing and processing of products.	31 Oversee sanitation standards.	42 Direct activities of subordinate employees.	21 Coordinate all activities of production.	22 Be familiar with plant lay-out.	26 Plan and develop production procedures.	Originate and assess measures to designate or improve production methods, equipment performance and product quality.
						- 	-	· ·	- 4		
,	Kank Order	No.	Н	8	m	-#	7	9	t	∞ ·	6

TABLE 25 - Continued

Rank	Comp.		Fred	Frequency	<u>,</u>	Mean
Order No.	No.	Supervisors and Others N=15	L	2 3	‡	Rating
TO	30	Be knowledgeable about all machinery used in the plant.	N .	м. 9	9	3.067
11	37	Direct quality control.	N [J 6	9	3.067
12	£†	Handle workers' grievances.	H	1 9	4	3.067
13	. 45	Compute quantities of materials to be used.	N	Φ	7	3.067
† † †	55	Requisition supplies.	Ø	∞	ľ	3.067
15	26	Estimate price based on market reports, grades, transportation, supplies, etc.	CI CI	.t 2	ŗ '	3.067
91	19	Identify the purchasing needs for the business.	N	œ	rv .	3.067
1	. 63	Reject sub-standard goods and services.	N	∞	ľ	3.067
18 18	ή9	Purchase goods or services.	N	Φ	r.	3.067
61	36	Oversee the maintenance of plant equipment.	2	<u></u>	ľ	3.000
20	村村	Recommend changes in working conditions.	2	2 5	9	3.000
72	Ĺή	Project manpower requirements.	C)	2	9	3.000



TABLE 25 - Continued

Mean	Rating	3.000	3.000	2.933	2.933	2.933	2.933	2.933	2.933	2.867	2.867	2.800
	†	9	r	9	ľ	. 7	2	rv	감	ا	'n	ر ج
ency	m	72	7	rU	9	œ	9	9	∞ .	9	.0	ر ا
Frequency	2	N	Н	러	Ø	m	N	0	~ I	~ .	Н	N
124	H	α	N	m	α,	Й	Ø	Ø	N	m	m	m
	N=15	Understand marketing, contract and credit conditions.	Be able to use basic mathematics.	Be aware of raw material sources and supply.	Prepare time and cost estimates.	Instruct employees in the fullfillment of their duties.	Understand union policy.	Be aware of marketing and distribution problems.	Have technical knowledge of the materials or products in the products being produced.	Confer with department heads to formulate programs regarding availability of raw materials.	Interpret company policy and production procedures to subordinates.	Be familiar with production capacities of each department.
Comp.	No.	95	82	82	33	Τħ	64	53	57	25	54	ಜ
Rank	No.	83	eg S	75°	25	56	27	88	59	30	떲	32

TABLE 25 - Continued

Rank	Comp.	omo;	Ŧ	Frequency	ıcy		Mean	
raer No.	No.	Supervisors and Others	П	2	3 4		Rating	
	94	Plan surveys to determine effectiveness of manpower utilization.	α .	m	4	*+	2.800	
34	62	Spell out specifications of acceptability for raw materials.	N	Q	80		2.800	
35	65	Arrange for delivery and different modes of transportation.	m	m	7 -		2.800	
36	847	Hire and fire employees.	4	m	5 5	10	2.733	
37	52	Analyze economic trends.	m	ณ	77	***	2.733	
38	1 5	Write to supervisors, reports of production figures and completion dates.	Q	4	9		2.667	
39	70	Train new employees.	ω	ณ	7 3	~	2.667	
70	ᅜ	Determine sales forecasts.	77	Н	7 9		2.667	
L 1	09	Determine prices of products produced in accordance with state laws.	7	N	4 5	10	2.667	
42	38	Make modifications in machines and equipment.	ત્ર	m	3 5		2.600	
<u>1</u> 43	35	Prepare production and labor records.	r		3		2.533	
						1		-

TABLE 25 - Continued

rank	Comp.	Supervisor Competencies as Rated by	F	Frequency	ncy		Mean
Order No.	No	Supervisors and Others N=15	r-1	2 3	3	†	Rating
44	50	Supervise apprenticeship or training programs.	5		ω	0	2.467
45	32 23	Read flour analysis chart provided by mill.	0/	N	m	Н	1.733
94	58	Be licensed to operate a boiler.	10	a	m	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.533

Butcher

Competencies validated as being important to the job title Butcher were rated by twenty-three persons. Mean ratings given these competencies appear in Table 26. Being familiar with sanitary procedures; Using and maintaining a knife skillfully; Maintaining condition of meats; Cleanliness and Being able to sever jugular vein and skin animals were competencies rated among the top 25 percent.

Knowledge and skills ranking in the bottom 25 percent were those associated with: Recognizing abnormalities of offal or carcass; Reducing
carcass to retail cuts; Shakling legs; Receiving meats from packer or supplier;
Transporting meat to storage room; Antemortem procedures; Unloading live
animals and Wrapping dressed carcasses.

All thirty-four competencies for the job title Butcher had a mean rating of over 2, indicating they were of "Some Importance" in this job title.



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BUTCHER COMPETENCIES IN THE MEAT INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.043	3.000	3.000	2.957	2.957	2.870	2.870	2.326	2.826	2.783
	<i>\</i>	0/		σ.	더	8	o,	ω	ω	9	<u>-</u>
ency	m	0/		0/	77	0/	7	∞	<u>-</u>	11	<u>-</u>
Frequency	2	Ø	m	r-l	N.	m	Ŋ	m	47	Ŋ	9
F-1	П	m	4	4	ľ	m	7	4	* 7	4	m
Butcher Competencies as Rated by	butchers and Others N=23	Be acquainted with all sanitary procedures.	Use a knife skillfully.	Rotate stored meats to avoid over-aging and spoilage.	Have the ability to adequately steel or hone a knife to sharpen.	Clean storage area.	Sever jugular vein to drain blood.	Skin animals.	Have knowledge of temperature control regulations for processing of meat.	Be familiar with standard meat cuts.	Eviscerate animal.
Comp.	No.	570	552	576	553.	578	556	557	579	582	558
Rank	Oraer No.	rl	Ø	m	. 1	ľΛ	V	<u></u>	ω	6	10



TABLE 26 - Continued

Renk	Comp.	Butcher Competencies as Rated by	FE	Frequency	1cy		Mesn
No.	No.	bucchers and others N=23	ī	2		77	Rating
Ħ	. 2	Trim, skin and separate edible portions from offal.	4	4	8	<u> </u>	2.783
12	572	Store meats under approved conditions.	7	4	8	<u></u>	2.783
- 3 2	581	Bone and trim cuts of meat.	2	α.	6	<u> </u>	2.783
47	555	Stun animals prior to slaughtering using a stunning gun.	7	m	8	<u> </u>	2.739
15	575	Count and weigh incoming articles and compare against invoice.	4	4	6	9	2.739
16	561	Split open carcass.	ب	. 5	5	∞	5.696
11	569	Use power equipment (grinder, cubing machine, power saw).	7	2	11 5	٧	2.696
18	562	Wash carcass for final inspection.	7	-	5		2.652
19	267	Report abnormalities of offal on carcass to supervisor.	m	9	70 OT	*	2.652
0 2	550	Have a basic knowledge of meats.	#	9	∞	5	2.609
ส	551	Be familiar with animal anatomy.	5	্ন	6	<u>د</u>	2.609



TABLE 26 - Continued

Rank	Сошр.	Butcher Competencies as Rated by	Fr	Frequency	nc.y		Mean
oraer No.	No.	buchers and Others N=23	H	2	3	-7	Rating
22	568	Use hand cutting tools (knife, cleaver, saw, etc.).	ľ	۲۰ ۰	_	9	2.609
23	580	Reduce carcass to primal pieces.	9	-	12	-4	2.609
777	260	Trim out carcass.	.4	9	m	····	2.565
25	563	Shroud carcass.	<u>ب</u>	9	~ .	ا	2.522
56	595	Trim head meat and other parts of animals: heads or skulls.	7.	<u>ب</u>	Ø,	. 	2.522
. 22	995	Recognize abnormalities of offal on carcass.	1	9	σ,	m	2.435
5,8	583	Reduce carcass to retail cuts.	-	7	7	7	2.435
29	559	Shakle hind legs.	5	11	a	5	2.304
30	571	Receive meats from packer or supplier.	9 .	_		m	2.304
31	574	Transport to storage room on rails using trolleys and hoists.	9	ω	ار	. ‡	2.304
32	554	Be familiar with antemortem procedures.	<u>ب</u>	10	9	a	2.217
33	573	Unload live animals from stock truck.	9	10	m	☆	2.217
34	277	Wrap muslin cloth about dressed carcasses to improve appearance of carcass.	6	7	ιĊ	CV.	2.000

Sausage Maker

The data in Table 27 ranks the mean ratings of competencies for the job title Sausage Maker.

Being able to follow a recipe; Weighing and measuring ingredients; Making jerky, salami, sausage, etc.; Filling casings and Tending mixing machines were those competencies rated in the top 25 percent and whose mean ratings was 3.4.

Competencies ranking in the bottom 25 percent were those associated with: The operation of griding, mixing, blending machines and their lubrication and repair.



TABLE 27

SAUSAGE MAKER COMPETENCIES IN THE MEAT INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.429	3.429	3,429	3.429	3.286	3.286	3.286	3.143	3.143	
	77	ľ	2	5	5	#	. ≄	~	m	m	:
Frequency	3	rrl	H	r=l		QI .	Ø	N	m	m	-
Freq	1 2	r- 	r-l	r -l	r	r-I	r-l	r-l	Н	H	
Sausage Makers and Others	<i>∑</i> =N	Follow a recipe or formula.	Weigh and measure ingredients.	Combine ingredients to make jerkey, salami, sausage, etc.	Fill casings.	Tend machine to mix ingredients such as ground meat and seasonings to make sausage according to formula.	Determine proper time periods for curing fresh meat.	Smoke and cure meat.	Read gauges for temperature and moisture control.	Regulate gauges.	
сошр.	No.	620	621	622	631	615	919	219	618	619	
Rank Order	No.	۲۰۰	ณ	m	.*	٠.	٥	<u> </u>	∞	Øί	

TABLE 27 - Continued

Mean	Rating	3,143	3.143	3.143	3.000	3.000	2.857	2.857	2.857	2.714	2.286	1.571	•
	77	m	m	4	α.	N	ત	ય	ผ	m	Н		
ency	m	m	m	H	#	7	m	m	m	Н	Q	H	
Frequency	2			H			7	H	H	7	N	a	
1	Н	ᄅ	7	H	-	m	7	H	-	N	N	*	
Sausage Maker Competencies as Rated by Sausage Makers and Others	N=7	Place ingredients in mixing machine.	Empty ingredients into a container.	Be able to determine meat textures for making salami and weiners.	Grind meat.	Have knowledge of ingredient labeling according to federal regulations.	Start machine.	Operate grinder.	Operate mixer.	Operate silent cutter (blender).	Lubricate machines.	Repair machines.	
Comp	No	623	629	630	628	632	ħ29	625	929	627	633	489	
Rank Order	No.	01	Н	12	13	71	15	91	17	18	19	20	



Shipping Clerk

Eight employees in the job title Shipping Clerk were interviewed. The results appear in Table 28.

Competencies ranking in the top 25 percent were: Being able to prepare bills of lading; Counting and preparing orders and Weighing and preparing containers for shipping.

The shipping clerk, in addition to performing clerical functions routine to most offices, performs fairly strenuous physical activities.

Even though the competencies for this job title were validated, all received a relatively low importance rating. The highest rating was 2.7 which indicates that its importance is between being of "Some Importance" and being "Important".



TABLE 28

SHIPPING CLERK COMPETENCIES IN THE MEAT INDUSTRY RAIN ORDERED BY MEAN

Renk	Сошр.	Shipping Clerk Competencies as Rated by	F	Frequency	ency		Mean
No.	Ho.	M=8	러	2	m	† (Rating
red	162	Attach postage or bill of lading.	5	Н	2	3	2.750
ณ	151	Count and compare quantity and identification number of units against order.	a	r-l	m	Q	2.625
m	159	Stamp, stencil or glue identifying information and shipping instruction on containers.	m		, N	. m	2.625
.#	. 191	Weigh containers.	m		N	ю	2.625
2	150	Prepare products for shipment.	Q	H	Ŋ		2.375
9	152	Put up salesman's orders.	<i>#</i>		N	8	2.250
ţ-m	155	Insert items into containers using spacers, fillers, and protective padding.	m	Q	N	po-l	2.125
∞	160	Move containers to shipping dock by handtruck, fork lift or overhead holsts.	m	N	m		2.000
ο,	153	Assemble wooden or cardboard containers.	m	W.	N		1.875
						-	

TABLE 28 - Continued

Rank Order	Comp.	Shipping Clerk Competencies as Rated by	Fr	Frequency	ncy	Mean
No.	No.	Sirreries and concers N=8	Н	5	3 4	Rating
10	154	Select pre-assembled containers.	т	m	8	1.875
ij	151	Operate strapping machine.	m	77	r=-l	1.750
12	158	Bind containers with metal tape by hand or machine.	4	N	α	1.750
13	156	Nail covers on wooden crates.	7	m		1.375



Meat Cutter

Ratings of competencies for the job title Meat Cutter are shown in Table 29. Competencies with mean ratings in the top 25 percent were:
Using and conditioning a knife skillfully; Being acquainted with sanitary procedures; Cleaning grinders and containers; Rotating stored meats to avoid overaging; Reducing carcass to retail cuts and Controlling regulations for processing of meat. All of the above had a mean rating of 3 or above, indicating they were important competencies.

Knowledge and skills rating in the bottom 25 percent were: Familiarity with anatomy of animal; Collect money from sale of meat; Arrange trays for display; Transport meat to storage; Unload live animals from truck; Wrap carcass with muslin and Clean and cut fish and poultry.

ERIC.

TABLE 29

MEAT CUTTER COMPETENCIES IN THE MEAT INDUSTRY.

Mean	Rating	3.105	3.079	3.053	3.026	3.026	3.026	3.000	3.000	2.974	2.947
nev	3 4	13 17	11 17	12 16	14 15	16 15	13 16	8 18	16 14	16 13	19 11
Frequency	2	m	9	9	 .≄	• •	m	9	N	.=	m
F	Н	5	.	4	ī	!	9	9	۰. ۷	5	5
Meat Criter Compe	Meat Cutters and Others N=38	Use a knife skillfull	Be acquainted with all sanitary procedures.	Clean grinders, meat containers.	Have the ability to adequately steel or hone a knife to sharpen.	Rotate stored meats to avoid over-aging and spoilage.	Reduce carcass to retail cuts.	Have knowledge of temperature control regulations for processing of meat.	Bone and trim cuts of meat.	Clean storage area.	Store meats under approved conditions.
Comp	No.	587	589	612	588	595	602	598	009	265	591
Rank	Order No.	r	N	m	. 7	ľ	9	<u> </u>	&	σ,	10

TABLE 29 - Continued

Rank	Comp.	1	Frequency		Mean
Order No.	No.	Meat Cutters and Others N=38	1 2 3	77	Rating
	T09	Be familiar with standard meat cuts.	7 3 13	15	2.947
12	ф09	Cut and trim meat as ordered by customer.	6 3 17	12	2.921
13	585	Have a basic knowledge of meats.	5 8 11	77	2.895
77	019	Weigh meat.	5 T 14	12	2.868
15	599	Reduce carcass to primal pieces.	8 3 15 :	12	2.816
16	603	Cut and trim meat to size for display.	10 2 12	17	2.789
21	η65	Count and weigh incoming articles and compare against invoice.	8 6 11	33	2.763
18	590	Receive meats from packer or supplier.	5 9 15	0,	2.737
19	809	Wrap meats for freezer.	9 5 14	10	2.658
20	909	Place meat in containers.	7 10 12	0,	2.605
23	209	Package meats for display purposes.	11 5 11	11	2.579
8	586	Be familiar with animal anatomy.	10 9 10	6	2.474
23	119	Collect money from sale of meat.	14 5 6	13	2.474

TABLE 29 - Continued

*******************	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		********			
Mean Rating	744.s	2.211	1.921	1.921	1.842	_
4	6	72	7.	4	9	
ency 3	8 10	10	· ·	-	7	
Frequency 2	ω	12 11 10	10	18 9	9	
변터	H	12	18	18	22	
Meat Cutter Competencies as Rated by Meat Cutters and Others N=38	Arrange meat on trays for display counters.	Transport to storage room on rails using trolleys and hoists.	Unload live animals from stock truck.	Wrap muslin cloth about dressed carcasses to improve appearance of carcass.	Clean and cut fish and poultry.	
Comp. No.	609	593	592	965	605	
Rank Order No.	2h	25	26	27	28	



Render Operator

The job title Render Operator needs the knowledge and skills essential to the job of disposing of animal waste products. A rank ordering of these competencies appears in Table 30.

The top 25 percent of the competencies were: Being able to load and operate a cooker; Read moisture meter and Determine when process is complete.

Those ranking in the bottom 25 percent and having a mean rating of 2.4 were: Using press for tallow extraction; Opening washer and hasher; Conveying meat and tallow to storage tanks or bins.



TABLE 30

RENDER OPERATOR COMPETENCIES IN THE MEAT INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Rank	Comp.	Operator Compe	Frequ	Frequency		Mean
1	No.	nenger operators and others N=7	1	3	77	Rating
	199	Load cooker.	Q	H	4	3.000
	643	Operate cooker.	α	Н	4	3.000
	119	Read moisture meter.	α ι	Н	4	3.007
	746	Be able to determine when process is completed.	α	· H	. 1	3.000
	079	Select waste products from slaughtering operation.	2		. #	2.857
	645	Separate meat from tallow.	α	N	m	2.857
	849	Operate grinder to grind meal.	N	N	m	2.857
	641	Operate pre-breaker for condemned carcasses.	m		#	2.714
	949	Use press to further extract tallow.	m	·	a	2.429
····	649	Operate hasher and washer.	m	N	a	2.429
	650	Store tallow in tank.	m	Q	Q	2.429
	651	Convey meat to storage bins.	m	Q	Q	2.429

Flour Milling Industry:

Montana has three flour mills and all were surveyed. The employer again indicated that there is difficulty in hiringhighly skilled persons and that there are vacancies that were not filled because of the lack of trained personnel. Because of the small number of persons responding, the data is not as reliable as it could be, but it does present a review of job duties in this industry. Tables 31 through 37 show competencies in the flour milling industry rank ordered by mean.

Personal Qualities

Employees' ratings of Personal Qualities competencies are shown in Table 31. Thirteen employees in five job titles rated these competencies. The mean ratings of the top 25 percent of the competencies ranged between 3.4 and 3.5.

These competencies were: To be able to take supervision; Willingness to work; Work safely, neatly and independently.

Competencies ranking in the bottom 25 percent were: Personal appearance and hygiene; Project desirable firm image and Accept routine tasks. The mean ratings indicated that these were either "Important" or "Essential" competencies.



TABLE 31

PERSONAL QUALITIES COMPETENCIES IN THE FLOUR MILLING INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	naving	3.538	3.462	3.462	3.462	3.385	3.385	3.308	3.308	.3.231
-	‡	<u></u>	9	9	9	5.	9		9	5
ency	n	9	Ĺ	į	۳	φ	9	7	ι ν ·	9
Fre	7						e-I	r-I	N.	CI
Personal Qualities Competencies as Rated by Employees in the Flour Milling Industry		Demonstrate a willingness to learn or take supervision.	Demonstrate a willingness to work.	Demonstrate the ability to work independently.	Work safely and neatly.	Demonstrate the ability to get along with others.	Maintain a satisfactory attendance record.	Demonstrate the ability to follow directions of supervisor.	Demonstrate a desirable job attitude about the organization when working with fellow employees, potential customers and customers.	Demonstrate the ability to work cooperatively as a member of a team.
Comp.	NO.	N	Н	#	9	5	12	m	φ	-
Rank Order	No.	r-l	· «	m	77	7	9	<u> </u>	ω	6

TABLE 31 - Continued

Mean	Rating	3.077	2.923	2.346
	†	. r V	m	2
ency	8 .	5	-	7
Frequency	1 2 3	. 2	N	†
 E	1	ı	r-l	
Personal Qualities Competencies as Rated by	Empioyees in the riour Willing industry N=13	Demonstrate acceptable personal appearance and personal hygiene.	Demonstrate the ability to project a desirable image for firm.	Accept routine tasks without becoming disinterested.
Comp.	No.	6	01	
Rank	oraer No.	10	r r	12



Crop Production

In order to determine what milling employees needed to know about Crop Production, employees in the several milling industry job titles reacted to eleven Crop Production competencies. The results appear in Table 32. Four competencies ranked in the top 25 percent. These were: Determining moisture of grain; Recognizing crop hazards; Recognizing safety precautions relating to handling agricultural chemicals and Cleaning grain storage procedures.

Competencies with mean ratings between 1.2 and 1.4 and of some or no importance were: Selecting sprays or dusts for cropping practices; Knowing stages and growth development of crops and Advising customers about fertilizers and chemicals.

TABLE 32

CROP PRODUCTION COMPETENCIES IN THE FLOUR MILLING INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	2.846	5,462	2.385	2.385	1.846	1.846	1.692	1.615
	#	†	m ·	m	H	H		***	
ency	m	7	4 7	4	7	m	m	N	H
Frequency	ત	7	N	H	7	N	r	7	9
 	н	N	. ‡	7	N	-	7	9	•
Crop Production	Employees in the Flour Milling Industry N=13	Determine moisture content of grain.	Recognize and identify actual and potential crop hazards such as disease, weeds and insects.	Observe recommended safety precautions in handling agricultural chemicals.	Know the proper storage procedures for grain.	Interpret the directions for the proper application of agri-chemicals.	Determine when crops are ready to harvest.	Know the acceptable crop production techniques essential to the production of quality crops.	Know where and how to obtain advanced information about improved crop production techniques.
Сошр	No.	602	705	702	708	†0 <i>L</i>	707	700	202
Rank	Order No.	rl	N	m	‡	ī	9	<u></u>	ω

TABLE 32 - Continued

Mean	Rating	1.385	1.308	1.154	
Frequency	1 2 3 4	5 3 T	4 6	2 [[
Crop Production Competencies as Rated by	Employees in the Flour Milling industry N=13	Select sprays and dusts for the appropriate cropping practice.	Know stages and growth development of crop maturation.	Advise customers as to fertilizers and chemicals.	
Comp.	No.	701	703	710	
Rank	Order No.	6	10	Ħ	



Remaining Flour Milling Competencies

Tables 33, 34, 35, 36, and 37 present competency data for the job titles of Milling Superintendent, Flour Packer, Chemist, Miller and Smutter. There are no Tables for Warehouseman and Buhr-miller since only one person in each title reacted to the respective competency statements.

Because of the small numbers of persons responding to these competencies, the tables are not accompanied by an explanation. It was felt by the researcher that with two to three persons rating the competency the results were not as meaningful. Since only three flour mills exist in Montana, these competencies would need to be validated among persons in similar job titles within several states in the Pacific Northwest since any training program would, by necessity, be a regional effort.



TABLE 33

MILLING SUPERINTENDENT COMPETENCIES IN THE FLOUR MILLING INDUSTRY RAIL ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean Rating	3.667	3.667	3.667	3.667	3.667	3.333	3.333	3.333	3.333	3•333
77	2	Q ,	ณ	ุณ	ณ	Ŋ	r-l	r-I	H	r-i
Frequency 2 3	r-l	H	rH	러	r-l		N	N	Q	ς ι
Freq.						~				
Milling Superintendent Competencies as Rated by Milling Superintendents and Others	Plan and develop production procedures.	Supervise and coordinate activities of workers engaged in production, manufacturing and processing of products.	Train new employees.	Project manpower requirements.	Be able to use basic mathematics.	Have a knowledge of all production processes.	Consult with company executives.	Originate and assess measures to designate or improve production methods, equipment performance and product quality.	Oversee the maintenance of plant equipment.	Instruct employees in the fullfillment of their duties.
Comp.	56	, 6 <u>6</u>	1,0	<u>1</u> 4	73	50	7₹	. 27	36	Ţή
Rank Order	r-1	a .	m	<u>.</u>	7	9	<u> </u>	ω	6	10

TABLE 33 - Continued

Mean	Rating	3-333	3.333	3.333	3-333	3.333	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000
Frequency	1234	2 1	2 7	rt 2	5 1	ر ا	L L	2	5	m	m	m	П П
Milling Superintendent Competencies as Rated by Milling Superintendents and Others	N=3	Direct activities of subordinate employees.	Handle workers grievances.	Interpret company policy and production procedures to subordinates.	Hire and fire employees.	Have technical knowledge of the materials or products in the products being produced.	Coordinate all activities of production.	Oversee sanitation standards.	Read flour analysis chart provided by mill.	Write to supervisors, reports of production figures and completion dates.	Make modifications in machines and equipment.	Recommend changes in working conditions.	Plan surveys to determine effectiveness of manpower utilization.
Comp.	NO.	75	₄ 3	45	84	57	ผ	æ	32	34	38	44	94
Rank Order	11.J.	 	12	ET .	7.7	5.	76	17	18	19	20	7	22



- 131 -

TABLE 33 - Continued

Kean Rating	3.000	3.000	3.000	2.667	2.667	2.667	2.667	2.667	2.333	2.333	2.333	2.333
4 4			rH	rl	H	H		H	H			
Frequency 2 3	m	M	H	m	Т	Т	N	 		ผ	N.	Н
Frequence 2			H			Н	H		rd .	 1	r~l	N
1-7	**************************************		¥44.00==		r-l	. 1		- 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, 1	• 1	
Milling Superintendent Competencies as Rated by Milling Superintendents and Others N=3	Understand union policy.	Supervise apprenticeship or training programs.	Compute quantities of materials to be used.	Be familiar with plant lay-out.	Be familiar with production capacities of each department.	Be knowledgeable about all machinery used in the plant.	Be aware of marketing and distribution problems.	Requisition supplies.	Confer with department heads to formulate programs regarding availability of raw materials.	Be aware of raw material sources and supply.	Prepare time and cost estimates.	Prepare production and labor records.
Comp.	64	50	54	22	23	30	53	55	25	28	33	35
Rank Order Wo.	23	2 [‡]	25	56	. 27	28	29	30	31	32	. 33	37

TABLE 33 - Continued

Rank	Comp.	Superintendent Compe	Frequency		Mean
Order No.	No.	Milling Superintendents and Others N=3			Rating
35	19	Identify the purchasing needs for the business.	rt (2)		2.333
36	63	Reject sub-standard goods and services.	 гч		2.333
37	59	Be licensed to operate a boiler.	α		2.000
38	62	Spell out specifications of acceptability for raw materials.	a		2.000
39	1 79	Furchase goods or services.	1 1 1	` ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2.000
7+0	37	Direct quality control.	2		1.667
	65	Arrange for delivery and different modes of transportation.	2		1.667
75	52	Analyze economic trends.	2 1	₩	1.333
£ #	26	Understand marketing, contract and credit conditions.	Н .		1.333
77	59	Estimate price based on market reports, grades, transportation, supplies, etc.	2 1		1.333
45	ᅜ	Determine sales forecasts.	e M		1.000
94	09	Determine prices of products produced in accordance with state laws.	د		1.000



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TABLE 34

FLOUR PACKER COMPETENCIES IN THE FLOUR MILLING INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Katirg	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000
1 1	7 7	. rrl	N	H	a,	a	OJ.	ณ	ณ	N	CJ
Fr	1 2	Н	 1	F	H	~	н	r-1	r-l	H	П
Flour Packers and Others	.	Accept routine tasks without becoming disinterested.	Maintain Union membership.	Have a basic mechanical ability.	Start machines.	Stop machines.	Replenish packaging supplies (wrapping paper, plastic sheeting, boxes, cartons, bags, etc.).	Feed products onto conveyors, hoppers.	Clear away damaged products or containers.	Inspect filled container to insure packaging according to specifications.	Check to insure finished quality product (proper closing, appearance of carton).
Сошр.	No.	T.	73	11	78	80	93	46	95	96	26
Rank	No.	r-l	N	κņ	.7	5	9	ţ	φ	σ,	

TABLE 34 - Continued

Pank	Comp.	Packer Compe	Frequency	ncy	Mean	<u> </u>
No.	No.	r±our rackers and others N=3	1 2	3 4	Rating	T
hard	86	Visually inspect materials, products and containers at each step of the packaging process.	н	CU .	3.000	-
12	70	Be aware of all sanitary procedures.	н	H	2.667	****
13	7 2	Convey materials and items from receiving or production areas to storage by hand or using machinery.	н	т т	2.667	-
7,4	75	Place materials or products on conveyors, pallets or plastic trays.	н	г .	2.667	····
15	81	Report malfunctions of machinery to supervisor.	н	т	2.667	
16	<u></u> 55	Feed carton into machine and remove them from discharge conveyor.	H	т т	2.667	
17	92	Position and hold container in machine.	н	۲. ۲	2.667	
18	101	Record weight, size and type of products packaged.	H	다 다	_2.667	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
19	79	Observe operation and detect malfunction.	1 1	H	2.333	
20	98	Adjust conveyors or control valves, spouts, etc. to regulate flow of product.	т	rd	2.333	
						ı



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TABLE 34 - Continued

Lubricate equipment. Keep machine yield records. Tend machine that performs one or more packaging functions (filling, marking, weighing, wrapping, closing, etc.). Weight containers and adjust quantity. Unload packaged product. Label ingredients according to federal regulations. Directly place materials or products on trucks busing either hands, hoists, or winches.
one or more s. marking. etc.). quantity. to federal products on trucks or winches.
one or more s, marking, etc.). quantity. to federal products on trucks or winches.
one or more s, marking, etc.). quantity. to federal products on trucks or winches.
guantity. to federal products on trucks or winches.
to federal products on trucks or winches.
to federal products on trucks or winches.
products on trucks or winches.
Make minor adjustments to machinery.
α,
Keep records of materials or items received or distributed.
drive belts, conveyors

TABLE 34 - Continued

Mean	Rating	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	
Frequency	η ε ε τ	د	m	m	m	
Flour Packer Competencies as Rated by		Repair machinery.	Open valves.	Change forming and cutting dies.	Keep and compile stock records.	
Comp.	No.	. 83	48	87	103	
Rank Order	No.	32	33	34	35	



TABLE 35

CHEMIST COMPETENCIES IN THE FLOUR MILLING INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.333	3.000	2.667	2.667	2.333	2.333	2.333	2.000	2.000	2.000
Þ	77	Q	r-l	rel	r-I	r-l		r-l	H	r-I	H
Frequency	2 3	H	-	N	N	r-l	N	 I			
[24	Н		-			r-l	r-I		N	N	Ø
Chemist Competencies as Rated by	Chemists and Others N=3	Adjust balances to weigh materials.	Keep accurate records of laboratory experiments.	Observe all safety procedures.	Observe all sanitary procedures.	Conduct tests and experiments with various additives.	Have a basic mechanical ability.	Operate a digester to perform protein tests.	Conduct tests and experiments with wheat and flour.	Conduct tests and experiments with cereal by-products.	Test to determine that quality standards are met.
Comp	No.	733	725	721	722	917	723	730	71.5	111	718
Rank	Order No.	p	Q	Μ	4	2	9	<u> </u>	∞	Ø	10

TABLE 35 - Continued

Rank	Comp.	Chemist Competencies as Rated by	Frequency	ncy	Mean
No.	No.	cnemists and Others N=3	1 2	3 4	Rating
	71.9	Test to determine that purity standards are met.	5	, r -l	2.000
75	720	Test products to insure compliance with food and drug laws.	Q	rH	2.000
13	124	Provide a flour analysis statement for customers.	Q	rH	2.000
14	726	Supervise subordinates activities.	ผ	r - l	2.000
15	727	Operate a muffle oven to determine ash content.	ผ	H	2.000
16	728	Operate an amylograph to determine malt content.	N	Н	2.000
<u> </u>	729	Operate a farinagraph to determine dough quality.	α.	rl	2.000
18	731	Operate a roto-top for testing granulation of whole wheat flour.	N	p=1	2.000
19	732	Operate a moisture tester to determine moisture of material.	ณ	· -I	2.000
20	734	Operate distillation units.	۵	r-I	2.000
ৱ	735	Operate an electro-photometer to test for color and additives.	CU .	r-l	1.667



TABLE 36

MILLER COMPETENCIES IN THE FLOUR MILLING INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Rating	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500
	77	· -~	r-l	r-l	r-l	H	·	r-l	H	Н
ency	m	r -1		Н	m	Н	m	H	H	r-i
Frequency	1 2						•.			
Willer Competencies as Rated by	Millers and Others N=2	Tend machines that mix, grind, or pulverize materials used in making flour.	Know the system by which the product flows through the mill.	Know the several processes in starting the mill.	Start and stop conveyors.	Stop conveyor and remove clogged material.	Open chute or conveyor to add materials.	Operate a bank of roll grinders to grind grain into flour.	Turn wheels to adjust pressure of grinding rollers for each break (passage of grain between rollers) according to grain size and hardness.	Adjust rollers to maintain maximum yield from grain being ground.
Comp.	No.	īηL	742	243	ተ ተረ	5 ± 7	748	. 750	751	752
Rank	Order No.	rH	α	۲۱	. 	5	Ø	<u> </u>	· •	6

TABLE 36 - Continued

Mean Rating	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.500	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000
Frequency 1 2 3 4	r~l	Н	ri	п п	a	N	α	€V.	CV.	α
Miller Competencies as Rated by Millers and Others N≈2	Adjust grinding rollers and other equipment to mill product to specifications.	Add moisture to materials to facilitate flow into machines.	Detect by feel, the quality of flour being produced.	Observe all plant safety procedures.	Observe conveyor system to insure continuous flow of material.	Re-route mill flow in the event of break-down or blockage.	Observe the operation of auxillary equipment.	Turn valves to regulate flow of air, water or oil to meet laboratory specifications.	Regulate feeder mechanism of machines not equipped with automatic regulators.	Operate machinery essential in the flour sifting process.
Comp. No.	753	756	758	759	745	141	749	754	755	757
Rank Order No.	0 170	f 	г 2	13	<u>라</u>	5	91	17	18	. 19

TABLE 36 - Continued

Frequency	1 2 3 4 Rating	3.000	3.000	1 1 2.500	1 1 2.500	1 1.500
Comp. Miller Competencies as Rated by	No. Millers and Uthers N=2	760 Observe all plant sanitary procedures.	761 Possess a basic mechanical ability.	740 Have a basic knowledge of the milling process.	762 Supervise subordinates.	763 Keep production and storage records.
Rank	Order No.	50	[]	22	23	なる

TABLE 37

SMUTTER COMPETENCIES IN THE FLOUR MILLING INDUSTRY RANK ORDERED BY MEAN

Mean	Kating	3.000	2.500	2.500	2,500	2.500	2.500	2,500	2.500
	3 4	m	ᄜ	r-1	Н	r -l	Н	Н	Ľ
Fre	1 2	г		 	Н	Н	Н	Н	1-4
Smutter Competencies as Rated by Smutters and Others	N=2	Have a basic mechanical ability.	Clean and temper grain prior to grinding.	Adjust slides in bin spouts.	Open and close slides in spouts to route grain to various grinders and sifters.	Start elevator to route grain from storage bins to machines.	Adjust valves to regulate water temperature and level in washer.	Adjust valves to adjust air suction to remove dust from separators.	Turn wingnuts to adjust angle of separator screens according to grain flow and amount of refuse.
Comp.	*ON	803	780	782	783	†8Z	785	786	788
Rank Order	No.	r-l	0	m	.		6	ţ-u	&

TABLE 37 - Continued

Rank	Comp.	Smutter Competencies as Rated by	Frequency	сy	Mean
Oraer No.	. No.	omucrers and others N=2	1 2	3 4	Rating
σ	789	Hook bag under end of screen to catch refuse.	H	H	2.500
10	790	Start machine to process grain.	H	г-I	2.500
H	791	Observe flow entering machines to prevent over-loading.	н	r-I	2.500
12	792	Adjust feed chutes to regulate flow of grain to rollers.	H	r-I	2.500
13	793	Examine processed grain to determine cleanliness.	F	H	2.500
77	79t	Dislodge clogged grain.	H	H	2.500
15	795	Tend separating equipment.	·	r-I	2.500
J E	96L	Detect when grinding rollers need to be replaced.	н	r−l	2.500
17	798	Regulate the supply of wheat in keeping with the various component demands of the mill.		Н	2.500
18	799	Be aware of various storage bin capacities.	r -l	Н	2.500
19	800	Supervise activites of subordinates.	H	H	2.500
50	801	Observe all plant safety procedures.	 1	rel	2.500

TABLE 37 - Continued

Mean Rating	2.500	2.500	1.000	1.000	1.000
3 4	·H	r=1			
Frequency 1 2 3	rI	r	∾ .	N	2
Smutter Competencies as Rated by Smutters and Others	Observe all plant sanitary procedures.	Keep legible, accurate records.	Tend grain separating, washing and scouring machines to remove dirt, smut and rust from grain before milling.	Adjust valves to regulate flow of air through drier.	Replace worn grinding rollers with hand tools.
Comp. No.	zóg	\$0¢	781	787	161
Rank Order No.	덩	22	23	1 7С	25

Personal Qualities Competencies

The Personal Qualities competencies appear in Table 38 and are rank ordered by probability value. Competencies having a probability value of .05 or less were considered to be "Not Similar". Competencies having a higher probability value were considered to be "Similar".

When discussing the particular competencies for each industry, three levels of similarity in the competencies were discussed. For consistency in reporting, probability values were categorized. The top 25 percent are "Very Similar". Probability values between the top 25 percent and those with a probability value over .05 are called "Similar".

In order to determine whether or not these employees rated personal quality differently, the researcher tested each of the common competencies against each industry where there were similarities in job functions.

As indicated when discussing methodology page 10, this procedure was used as a guideline for determining differences; the statistical assumptions underlying the use of the Chi Square test, relating to cells containing "O" values and values less than "5" were known to be invalid.

The personal qualities competency instrument was completed by all employees. Each personal quality competency was tested across the four industries investigated. The results appear in Table 38. While nine competencies appeared to be either "Very Similar" or "Similar", three were "Not Similar".



TABLE 38

EVALUATION OF PERSONAL QUALITIES COMPETENCIES RANK ORDERED
BY PROBABILITY VALUES

COMP.	COMPETENCY SYNOPSIS	P-VALUE	EVALUATION
6.	Work safely and neatly	.7553	
5.	Get along with others	.6447	VERY SIMILAR
2.	Willingness to learn	.4370	
1.	Willingness to work	.2776	
4.	Work independentl;	.2696	·
12.	Satisfactory attendance record	. 2347	GTIPT ID
3.	Follow directions of supervisor	.2054	SIMILAR
7•	Work cooperatively as a team member	.1478	
8.	Desirable job attitude	.1470	
9.	Acceptable personal appearance	.0485	
11.	Accept routine tasks	• 0151	NOT
10.	Project desirable image for firm	.0099	SIMILAR

Acceptable personal appearance and hygiene, as the data points out in Table 39, is a competency perceived differently by the several businesses. While it was essential in all categories of employees in the several businesses there were apparently jobs in each industry where it was of only some importance. In the case of the milling business one employee rated the competency as not important.

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TABLE 39

PERSONAL QUALITIES COMPETENCY NUMBER 8
WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE
(Below .05 Level)

D WATTER	TOTTE: 1			142	28	5
FREQUENCY	3		13	27	ีส	2
FREQ	5		0	5	5	ณ
	Ħ	- 1	0	0		r-l
Vamoriami	INDUSTRI		BAKERY	DAIRY	MEAT	MILL
			personal	hygiene.		
	COMPETERCY.			Demonstrate acceptable personal	Demonstrate acceptable personal appearance and personal hygiene.	and persons

As the data in Table 40 shows, accepting routine tasks was a competency rated differently by the several industries. It appeared to be "Essential" to the dairy industry. "Very Important" to the bakery and meat industry and of less importance to employees in the milling industry.



TABLE 40

PERSONAL QUALITIES COMPETENCY NUMBER 10 WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE (Below .05 Level)

THE TANK OF			0000	1000	
	†	13	43	21	m ⁻
JENCY	3	15	29	59	. -
FREQUENCY	5	2	α	†	N
	-1	0	0	0	H
WOMOTATA	TWDCSTRI	BAKERY	DAIRY	MEAT	MILL
	COMPETENCE	10. Demonstrate the ability to	project a desirable image	for firm.	

Data in Table 41 indicates that to be able to: Demonstrate the ability to project a desirable image for the firm is a competency "Important" to the bakery, meat and milling industries, but which is "Essential" to persons in the dairy industry. This might occur because persons in the dairy industry are required to be in contact frequently with the general public.

TABLE 41

PERSONAL QUALITIES COMPETENCY NUMBER 10
WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE
(Below .05 Level)

			FREQ	FREQUENCY		4
COMPETENCY	INDUSTRY	H	8	င	4	Z-VALUE
10. Demonstrate the ability to	BAKERY	0	Q	15	13	
project a desirable image	DAIRY	0	Ø	53	143	.00
for firm.	MEAT	0	. #	59	27	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	MILL	H	cv.	۲	m	

Supervisor competencies are ranked by probability value in Table 42.

Forty-six competencies were ranked when compared against the four industries (i.e., dairy, meat, bakery and milling).

The top 25 percent, or 12 of the competencies, were "Very Similar", 31 competencies were "Similar" and 4 had probability values below .05 and were "Not Similar".

TABLE 42

EVALUATION OF SUPERVISOR COMPETENCIES RANK ORDERED BY PROBABILITY VALUES

COMP.	COMPETENCY SYNOPSIS	P-VALUE	EVALUATION
46.	Plan surveys	.9506	
41.	Instruct employees	.9196	
39.	Supervise workers	.8818	
24.	Consult with executives	.8330	
33.	Prepare estimates	.8211	
42.	Direct subordinates' activities	.7796	VERY
26.	Plan production procedures	.7300	SIMILAR
47.	Project manpower requirements	.7067	
30.	Know plant machinery	.6763	
31.	Oversee sanitation	.6570	
53.	Know marketing problems	.6290	
25.	Confer with department heads	.6070	
36.	Oversee maintenance	•5731	
20.	Know all production processes	• 5552	
58.	Use basic math	. 5545	
45.	Interpret company policy	• 5504	
43.	Handle grievances	.4790	SIMILAR
27.	Improve production methods	.4630	
52.	Analyze economic trends	•3909	
22.	Know plant lay-out	•3691	

TABLE 42 - Continued

COMP.	COMPETENCY SYNOPSIS	P-VALUE	EVALUATION
44.	Recommend changes	.3483	
49.	Understand Union policy	.3477	
48.	Hire and fire employees	.3446	~
65.	Arrange for delivery	.3320	
57•	Have technical knowledge of materials	.3020	
59 ° .	Estimate price	.2874	
38.	Modify machines	.2605	
23.	Know production capabilities	.2529	
55.	Requisition supplies	.2458	
28.	Know raw material sources	.2143	
54.	Compute quantities of materials	.2092	SIMILAR
34.	Write reports	.2047	
60.	Determine price	.1887	
40.	Train new employees	.1880	
51.	Determine sales forecasts	.1728	
21.	Coordinate production activities	.1009	
56.	Understand marketing, credit	.1008	
62.	Spell out raw materials specifications	.0893	
64.	Purchase goods	.0823	
50.	Supervise training program	.0585	
29.	Have license to operate boiler	.0564	
63.	Reject goods	.0538	

TABLE 42 - Continued

COMP.	COMPETENCY SYNOPSIS	P-VALUE	EVALUATION
35.	Prepare records	.0480	
61.	Identify purchasing needs	.0416	
37.	Direct quality control	.0266	NOT SIMILAR
32.	Read flour analysis chart	.0135	

Supervisor Competencies

Preparing production and labor records in a competency perceived differently by the bakery, dairy, meat and milling industries, and is shown in Table 43. While it was "Essential" to "Important" for the supervisor in the bakery, dairy and meat industry to prepare production and labor records, it was only of some importance to the mill supervisor. Likewise, 5 of the 15 meat supervisors reported this competency to be of no importance.

TABLE 43

SUPERVISOR COMPETENCY NUMBER 35 WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE (Below .05 Level)

•	en saine			S C	0040		
	77		m	\o .	m	0	
ENCY	က		9	2	· [Н	
FREQUENCY	2		Н	!	o	α ι	
	1		0	a	S	0	
TNDITCHOV	TWOCSTRE	٠	BAKERY	DAIRY	MEAT	MILL	
COMPERTICA			35. Prepare production and labor	records.			

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Supervisor Competencies

The data in Table 44 indicates that the following Supervisor competency, to be able to Identify the purchasing needs for the business, was not viewed similarly. While the bakery and dairy industries determine this competency to be "Essential", the meat and milling supervisors consider this competency table less important. It may be that persons other than the supervisor are charged with this responsibility in these two industries.



TABLE 44

SUPERVISOR COMPETENCY NUMBER 61
WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE
(Below .05 Level)

TILLY C) T-VALUE	9	10	2	0
ENCY	٣	77	۲	∞	Н
FREQUENCY	2	0	ίŲ	0	۵
	T	0	N	Ω.	0
Thrustemov	TWICOUNT	BAKERY	DAIRY	MEAT	MILL
\$2 trained \$100		61. Identify the purchasing	needs for the business.		



Data in Table 45 shows that it is "Very Important" or "Essential" for Supervisors in the bakery and dairy industries to be able to Direct quality control. The same competency is of some importance to the meat industry and of little or no importance to the mill supervisor.

TABLE 45

SUPERVISOR COMPETENCY NUMBER 37 WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE (Below .05 Level)

TAX SECTION OF	Vomoraner		FREQUENCY	NCY		D_VATITE
	LINDUSTRI	터	2	3	†	TOTTLA
37. Direct quality control.	BAKERY	0	0	กา	<u></u>	
	DAIRY	Н	Q	80	Ħ	7700
	MEAT	, N	러	9	9	0,500
	MILL	rH	a	0	0	

The data in Table 46 is self-evident. The Supervisors in the bakery and the mill industry need to be competent in: Reading the flour analysis chart provided by the mill; on the other hand, the dairy and meat industry do not consider this competency to be important.

TABLE 46

SUPERVISOR COMPETENCY NUMBER 32 WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE (Below .05 Level)

מוזייאני פ	VALUE			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	·
	† †	Ø	H	FH.	(V
FREQUENCY	3	m		m	0
FREC	2	0	Н	α	0
	1	5	20	6	Н
TMINITEMBY	TUTCOMIT	BAKERY	DAIRY	MEAT	MILL
	CORT ELENCI	32. Read flour analysis chart	provided by mill.		

Persons employed as warehousemen and cooler men in the bakery and dairy were interviewed using a similar instrument. These data appear in Table 47. Nineteen competencies were tested for differences across the bakery and dairy industries. Only two competencies, Issue supplies and Convey materials, were considered to be "Not Similar" by the two industries.



TABLE 47

EVALUATION OF WAREHOUSEMAN/COOLER MAN COMPETENCIES RANK ORDERED BY PROBABILITY VALUES

COMP.	COMPETENCY SYNOPSIS	P-VALUE	EVALUATION
146.	Fill orders	.9215	
134.	Place materials on conveyor	.8358	VERY SIMILAR
148.	Prepare inventories	:7412	
139.	Determine storage methods	.7225	
144.	Wrap protective material	.6826	SIMILAR
141.	Store articles	.6669	
140.	Prepare shipping tags	.6308	
136.	Operate fork lift	•5730	
137.	Fill requisitions	.5619	
130.	Have strength requirements	.4690	
131.	Union membership	.4690	
142.	Rotation of stock	.3187	
145.	Keep records	. 2884	
135.	Count, sort, weigh articles	.2685	
132.	Receive, store & issue equipment	.2439	
143.	Sort products	.2439	
138.	Examine stock	.2129	
147.	Issue supplies	.0290	NOT SIMILAR
133.	Convey materials	.0142	



The data in Table 48 shows that it was important for a Cooler Man in the dairy industry to issue supplies from stock while it was not very important for the bakery warehouseman.



TABLE 48

WARESHOUSEMAN/COOLER MAN COMPETENCY NUMBER 147
WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE
(Below .05 Level)

			FREQUENCY	ENCY		ALIVATIE
COMPETENCY	LINDOSTRI	r-I	N	8	†t	
The Towns around for Paren	PARWDV	r	۲-	C	O	
Teles are satisfied to the same of the sam	Turania	·I	-1	>	,	.0290
stock.	DAIRY	2	0	7	<u>د</u>	

The data in Table 49 shows that it is "Important" to "Essential" for the Cooler Man in the dairy to convey materials from receiving to storage and that it is not very important in the bakery business. Since bakery items are perishable items, they move from production and are transported directly to market rather than into storage.

TABLE 49

WAREHOUSEMAN/COOLER MAN COMPETENCY NUMBER 133
WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE
(Below .05 Level)

Workening Called			FREQUENCY	ENCY		TIVATING	
COMPETENCI	INDUSTRI	1	. 5	3	-#	30747-3	
133. Convey materials and items from	BAKERY	0	8	0	0	2).	VIII VIII VIII II VII
receiving or production areas to storage areas by hand or using machinery.	DAIRY	r - I	Н	-	9	71770.	 .

The thirty-five Machinery Operator competencies appear in three classifications based on their probability value in Table 50. Twenty-eight competencies were "Similar"; seven with a probability value less than .05 were considered to be "Not Similar". The Machinery Operator competencies were tested for their difference across the bakery, dairy and milling industries.

TABLE 50

EVALUATION OF MACHINERY OPERATOR COMPETENCIES RANK ORDERED
BY PROBABILITY VALUES

COMP.	COMPETENCY SYNOPSIS	P-VALUE	EVALUATION
77.	Have basic mechanical ability	.9310	
92.	Position container	.8274	
91.	Feed carton into machine	.8166	
74.	Convey materials	.8013	VERY
94.	Feed products onto conveyors	.6076	SIMILAR
100.	Label ingredients	.4543	
81.	Report machinery malfunction	.3859	
75.	Place materials	.3582	
89.	Adjust belt tensions	•3558	
96.	Inspect containers	.3204	
93.	Replenish packaging supplies	.2918	
87.	Change dies	.2799	
73.	Maintain Union membership	.2566	
88.	Set guides	.2369	SIMILAR
97.	Insure quality product	.2141	PTITITION
76.	Place products on trucks	.2122	
98.	Observe packaging steps	•1999	
78.	Start machines	•1930	
95.	Remove damaged goods	.1500	
80.	Stop machines	.1431	



TABLE 50 - Continued

COMP.	COMPETENCY SYNOPSIS	P-VALUE	EVALUATION
79.	Observe machine operation	·1 ¹ 429	
101.	Record weight, etc.	.1418	
70.	Know sanitary procedures	.1227	
71.	Accept routine tasks	.1174	GT-GT-AD
90.	Lubricate equipment	.1102	SIMILAR
102.	Keep yield records	.1073	
85.	Weigh containers	. 06 16	
104.	Keep distribution records	.0591	
86.	Adjust conveyors	.0419	
82.	Make minor adjustments	.0352	
83.	Repair machines	.0291	гои
99.	Unload product	.0200	SIMILAR
103.	Keep stock records	.0154	
72.	Tend machines	.0140	
84.	Open valves	.0034	

Data on the following competency, Adjust conveyors or control valves or spouts to regulate flow of product, was viewed differently by the industries responding. Data in Table 51 suggests that adjusting controls was not as important to the flour mill Machine Operators as it was for those in the bakery and dairy. The researcher's personal knowledge of the milling industry suggests, however, that this competency is important to the milling operation since all products move through a maze of conveyors, pipes, etc, but it might be that the Machine Operator, does not perform this role.

TABLE 51

MACHINERY OPERATOR COMPETENCY NUMBER 86
WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE
(Below .05 Level)

* Womenner On soo	Thrichov		FREQUENCY	ENCY		מוודאע פ
	THEODILL	τ	2	3	77	2014I
86. Adjust conveyors or control	BAKERY	#1	0	m	3	
valves, spouts, etc. to	DAIRY	٥ı	0	9	큐	.0419
regulate flow of product.	MILL	H	г - I	0	r-l	

The data in Tables 52, 53, 54, 55, 56 and 57 reveals that the competencies which are "Important" for the Machinery Operator in the bakery and dairy tend to be different from and "Not Important" for the mill Machinery Operator. Since the bakery and dairy operations surveyed tend to be smaller in size, it might be that the Machinery Operator also has additional responsibilities, such as Making machinery adjustments, Repairing machinery, Unloading packaged products, Keeping stock records, Tending machines and Opening valves. Conversely, the three flour mills reporting indicated the above competencies to be of "No Importance". Since the milling operations were very large in comparison to the bakeries and dairy, it could be that the mill Machinery Operator performs few tasks outside of the operation of machinery.



TABLE 52

MACHINERY OPERATOR COMPETENCY NUMBER 82 WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE (Below .05 Level)

A Manual Mon	Vomenter		FREQUENCY	ENCY		THE C
	TUDOGUT	τ	2	3	† †	r=v#Lub
82. Make minor adjustments	BAKERY	0	, rl	<u>ب</u>	8	
to machinery.	DAIRY	н	α	10	6	.0352
	MILL	QI .	0	Н	0	s

TABLE 53

MACHINERY OPERATOR COMPETENCY NUMBER 83 WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE (Below .05 Level)

	Vernotiver	-	FREQUENCY	ENCY		D WATTE
COMPETENCY	THIODINI	r-l	5	3	†	T-VALOE
83. Repair machinery.	BAKERY	2	Н	8	r-I	
	DAIRY	Q	٢	~	9	.0291
	MILL	m	0	0	0	

TABLE 54

MACHINERY OPERATOR COMPETENCY NUMBER 99 WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE (Below .05 Level)

WONTERFERENCE	TWDITCHEY		FREQUENCY	NCY		T17471 C
COMPETENCE	INTERMIT	r-I	2	3	77	T-VALOE
99. Unload packaged product.	BAKERY	5	2	2	۳ł	
	DAIRY	н [.]	' н	72	15	.0200
	MILL	Ø	0	0	r-1	

TABLE 55

MACHINERY OPERATOR COMPETENCY NUMBER 103
WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE
(Below .05 Level)

					
THE TANK C	TOTAL		.0154		•
	† (0	10	0	
INCY	3	5	!		
FREQUENCY	2	0	N	0	
	٦ .	5	m	m	•
VOMDIVORT	THICOUNT	BAKERY	DAIRY	MILL	
OOM THE STATE OF T	COMPETENCI	103. Keep and compile stock records.			



TABLE 56

MACHINERY OPERATOR COMPETENCY NUMBER 72 WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE (Below .05 Level)

WandingOn	Tempiremen		FREQUENCY	ENCY		D_VAT17#
TONGTGENOO	THICOUNT	τ	5	. 3	†(HOTEL :
72. Tend machine that performs one	BAKERY	0	러	5	H	•
(filling, marking, weighing,	DAIRY	r-l	r-I	H	0,	.0140
•/•ээə «Sursora «Surdō»	MILL	· N	0	0	۳I	•

TABLE 57

MACHINERY OPERATOR COMPETENCY NUMBER 84 WITH A SIGNIFICANT PROBABILITY VALUE (Below .05 Level)

					*		r
COMPENIENCY	TINTICHEV		FREQUENCY	INCY			
		1	2	m	77	F-VALUE	
84. Open valves.	BAKERY	5	0	<i>‡</i>	rH		7*****
	DAIRY	~ +	гH	7	13	+600·	
	MILL	m	0	0	0		
		,				P	

Shipping Clerk competencies were tested across the meat and bakery industries for similarity. The results appear in Table 58. All thirteen competencies were "Similar" for the job of Shipping Clerk in the meat and bakery industries.



TABLE 58

EVALUATION OF SHIPPING CLERK COMPETENCIES RANK ORDERED BY PROBABILITY VALUES

COMP.	COMPETENCY SYNOPSIS	PVALUE	EVALUATION
158.	Bend containers	.9693	
155.	Insert items into containers	.7246	•
156.	Nail covers	.6760	VERY SIMILAR
161.	Weigh containers	.6664	DIMILIAN
162.	Attach postage	.6664	
151.	Compare quantity against order	• 5397	
153.	Assemble containers	.3288	
157.	Operate strapping machine	•3288	
159.	Place identifying information	.1739	
152.	Put up orders	.1121	SIMILAR
160.	Move containers	.0 640	
150.	Prepare products	• 0530	
154.	Select containers	.0530	

The probability values and a similarity rating for the job title Routeman/Salesman, appear in Table 59. All sixteen competencies appeared "Similar" across industry lines. Similar training programs could be organized to train for this job title in both the dairy and bakery industries.



TABLE 59

EVALUATION OF ROUTEMAN/SALESMAN COMPETENCIES RANK ORDERED
BY PROBABILITY VALUES

COMP.	COMPETENCY SYNOPSIS	P-VALUE	EVATUATION
121.	Pick up rejected merchandise	.8191	
113.	Deliver items	.7183	VERY
124.	Balance cash	.7062	SIMILAR
120.	Set up displays	.6531	
116.	Write delivery order	.5670	
118.	Collect for deliveries	.5640	
110.	Have appropriate license	•5570	
117.	Make out invoice	.5298	
115.	Promote new products	.4435	
119.	Stock shelves	.4435	SIMILAR
114.	Solicit new business	.4065	SLIVILIAN
123.	Keep records of collections	.3988	
122.	Keep records of deliveries	•3397	
125.	Be accountable for merchandise	.3072	
112.	Load truck	•2933	
111.	Drive truck over route	.0734	

CHAPTER III

CONCLUSIONS

- 1. The research model continued to be satisfactory, yielding the data necessary to satisfy the purpose of the study.
- 2. Agricultural products industries have breadth and complexity, involving professional, technical and vocational occupations for which employees are required to possess varying degrees of knowledge, skills and attitudes for successful performance.
- 3. Competencies for job titles in the bakery, meat, dairy and flour milling industries were defined somewhat more broadly than were the competencies contained in previously completed Agricultural Manpower Studies because of the large number of job titles involved and because the researcher lacked familiarity in the area. Based on ratings received, however, it would appear that competencies rated were important to the particular job titles studied.
- 4. Project interviewers indicated that persons in agricultural products industries were less sincere in responding to competency instruments as compared to employees in agricultural production and mechanics.
- 5. There was a tendency for persons in job titles below the management level to rate their specific duties higher than broad, general principles about their job. Example: Competency 96, "Inspect filled container to insure packaging according to specifications" was rated by Plant Workers or Machinery Operators and received the highest mean rating, whereas Competency 72, "Tend machine that performs one or more packaging functions" was rated eighteenth in importance and is an overall description of their job. This indicates



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that these persons were more aware of specific job duties than an overall picture of their job as it relates to the entire production or processing operation. Conversely, Managers and Supervisors rated general, broad principles relating to the overall production or processing operation as being paramount.

- 6. Personal Qualities Competencies are competencies needed by all employees in varying degrees across the four industries.
- 7. The smaller the business, the more competent employees need to be in a greater number of knowledges and skills.
- 8. There are many competencies which are common across industry lines.

 Conversely, there are specific competencies required for employment in
 job titles indigenous to a particular industry and closely identified with
 the product handled.
- 9. Competencies identified as being important for entry into the agricultural products industries provide information essential for evaluating programs and for advising students.



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Recommendations For Program Implementation and For Further Research

The following recommendations have been made as an outgrowth of the conclusions of this study. Feelings held by researchers apart from the conclusions are also incorporated in the recommendations.

- 1. Competencies required for successful entry into job titles in agricultural products should be researched further for competency commonalities which may exist within the several job titles. This step could reduce the number of different programs required.
- 2. As commonalities are isolated and grouped, the curriculum development process should begin. The first step would be to divide each competency into separate tasks performed by workers.
- 3. Through an analysis of the curriculum, determine the probable length of the educational program necessary for training persons for each job title. Determining the probable length of an educational program would facilitate program planning efforts, since length is often the prime determinant in cost considerations. Program length may vary from short, intensive courses to courses of two to three years in length.
- 4. Curriculum materials for teachers' use should be prepared and made available to schools offering agricultural products education programs.
- 5. Plan and develop an education program aimed at agricultural products groups and school administrative personnel at the several educational levels in order to make them aware of the findings of the study.
- 6. Work cooperatively with interested school administrative personnel at all levels to initiate educational programs to meet employment needs of agricultural products industries. Though the aid of the Agricultural Supervisor



- of the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, assist local schools in expanding already existing agricultural education programs toward meeting newly identified needs rather than initiate programs in institutions having no previous experience with vocational agricultural education programs.
- 7. Organize statewide advisory committees for each agricultural education program to be established for the purposes of offering advice and assistance in (1) locating programs, (2) facilities, (3) equipment, (4) type of instructors, (5) experience programs for students, (6) student recruitment, (7) placement of students and (8) program evaluation.
- 8. Articulate through the Office of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, the several levels of agriculture programs being conducted throughout the state, specifically career education programs in agriculture at grade and junior high school, high school and post-high school agricultural education programs, agricultural programs at community colleges and/or four year universities and colleges and programs of adult agricultural education.
- 9. Distribute lists of competencies available as a result of this study and curriculum materials which might be developed for the various job titles to teachers of vocational agricultural education at the several educational levels throughout Montana. These data will provide a valuable basis for teachers making local curriculum adaptations.

CHAPTER IV

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CHAPTER V

APPENDICES



APPENDIX A

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS QUESTIONNAIRE

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

Montana State University

Bozeman, Montana

AGRICULTURAL MANPOWER PROJECT

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS QUESTIONNAIRE

December 3, 1973

	<u> </u>			-	
1. Firm Name			-		Phone
2. Address	"	-V	City		Zip
I	IST PROI	DUCTS MANUI	FACTURED IN OR	DER OF IMPOR	TANCE
3A.			4D.		
3B.			ЦE.		
3C.			4F.		
		PERSO	ONNEL INFORMAT	ION	
5. Total Number of Employees for the Pay Week of December 14th.	Males	Females	Chief Executive and Title		
			JOB TITLES		
6. Job Titles In	Your Bus	iness *			Number of Persons in This Job Title
					جي
seed	ana	pector lyst			2
			•		
7. Name of Person					
Completing This	7A. Nar	•••			PM 8 1 A
- 1.1 445	I A WEL	11.0		I.(R•	Title
					;
Thank you fo	or comple	eting this	form. Your c	ooperation i	s appreciated.

* Please Use Back For Additional Job Titles



· APPENDIX B

COMPETENCY INSTRUMENT FORMAT

Montana Agricultural Manpower Project Department of Agricultural and Industrial Education Montana State University, Bozeman, Montana

COMPETENCY RATING SHEET

Please rate each competency statement by telling the interviewer the number that you believe rates the importance of each judgement, knowledge or skill. Each competency should be rated on a scale of 1 to 4, with 1 being NOT IMPORTANT and 4 being ESSENTIAL. Remember, you are being asked to indicate the judgement, knowledge and skills a Cooler Man, etc. needs at the time of job entry.

De	er Man Ock Man Warehouseman Receiving Clerk Ole To:	Mor Direct	OF SOME	THEORY THEORY	THE LAND OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	
130.	Have the strength requirements to lift heavy items.	1	2	3	4	
131.	Maintain Union membership.	1	2	3	14	
Rec e:	ving:					
Be At	ole To:					
132.	Receive, store and issue equipment, material supplies, products, etc.	1	2	3	4	
133.	Convey materials and items from receiving or production areas to storage areas by hand or using machinery.	1	2	3	14	
134.	Place materials or products on conveyor or truck by hand or hoists, winches, etc.	1	2	3	4	



APPENDIX C

RATING SHEET



MONTANA AGRICULTURAL MANPOWER PROJECT PHASE II AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS Montana State University

Inswer S	Sheet	t fo	or (Comp	etency Rat:	ings				1			1	TRN	RUCTIONS				
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	1	2	3	4		1	2	3	4		1	2	3	4		1	2	3	4
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APPENDIX D

INTERVIEWER INSTRUCTION SHEET



AGRICULTURAL MANPOWER PROJECT March, 1974

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS:

- 1. Interview only full-time employees.
- 2. Always try to interview the person who actually does the job.
- 3. Interview as many people as you can in each job title.
- 4. Two books have been provided -- one for yourself and one for the person being interviewed.
- 5. INTERVIEW EACH EMPLOYEE FOR PERSONAL QUALITIES.
- 6. For persons employed in Mills do Crop Production competencies.
- 7. Interpret job titles an employee called a Baker is sometimes a Divider Operator or Mixer, etc. It is important to find out the specific tasks.
- 8. Be sure to cover all possible overlaps i.e.: if the Plant Superintendent is the Buttermaker, be sure he completes those competencies as well.
- 9. A Coolerman in one industry is called a Warehouseman or Dock Man in another or in another plant. Be rescurceful in fitting personnel into the job title areas provided.
- 10. The rating sheets are not carbon sensitive this year. A carbon must be used. It would probably be a good idea to put a cardboard in between so the writing doesn't go through. Keep the copies and send the originals to us in supplied envelopes.
- 11. Mail in completed rating sheets as they are done. This will facilitate our coding process.
- 12. Mail in progress cards.
- 13. Call us collect at 994-2080 (Agricultural Manpower Project Office) or at 994-2132 (Department of Agricultural and Industrial Education) for supplies, problems.
- 14. Your packet will be mailed to you shortly.

EMPLOYMENT INFORMATION:

- 1. Pay scale will average \$15.00 per business for 1 5 persons interviewed and \$30.00 for 6 or more persons.
- 2. Mileage will be at 12¢ per mile.
- 3. Incidental expenses (stamps, phone calls, etc.) will be reimbursed.
- 4. Per diem will be paid only in special cases; Mrs. Agocs will approve these special situations.



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APPENDIX E

LETTER TO SELECTED RESPONDENTS



Montana State University

-College of Agriculture-

Agricultural Experiment Station

Bozeman, Montana 59715 Tel. 406-587-3121

Directors Office

February 20, 1974

We request your participation in the Agricultural Manpower Project which is being conducted cooperatively by the Montana Experiment Station and the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

We find it necessary to contact you to identify the knowledge, skills and attitudes needed by those employed in your business. We would greatly appreciate your cooperation in rating those job tasks we have identified.

In a few weeks an interviewer will be contacting you to review the job skills necessary for employment in your business. We hope that the inconvenience and time involved will be tempered by the fact that the information you provide will be used to help plan Agricultural Education programs in Montana. Hopefully, these programs will provide you, in the near future, with trained manpower for jobs in your business.

We express to you our appreciation for your cooperation and the information that you will be providing for us which will benefit our research.

Very truly yours,

I lish you

J. A. Asleson

Director

JAA: cbm

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APPENDIX F

CODING RATIONALE

CODING SHEET FOR AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

BAKERY - Cards 01 through 05

CARD 01	•		
Columns 1 through 3 Column 4 Columns 5 and 6	I. D. Number Industry designate Card Number		
Columns 7 through 9 Columns 10 through 21		Personal Qualities-Bakery	ll comp.
Columns 22 through 24 Columns 25 through 70		Supervisor - Bakery	45 comp.
CARD 02			
Columns 1 through 3 Column 4 Columns 5 and 6 Columns 7 through 9	Industry designate Card Number Job title being rated		
Columns 10 through 44		Machine Bagger-Bakery	34 comp.
Columns 45 through 47 Columns 48 through 63	Job title being rated Competencies BllO - Bl25	Routeman-Bakery	1.5 comp.
CARD 03			
Columns 1 through 3 Column 4 Columns 5 and 6	I. D. NumberIndustry designateCard Number		
Columns 7 through 9 Columns 10 through 28		Warehouseman-Bakery	18 comp.
Columns 29 through 31 Columns 32 through 44	Job title being rated Competencies B150 - B162	Shipping Clerk-Bakery	12 comp.
Columns 45 through 47 Columns 48 through 65	Job title being rated competencies B170 - B187	Mixer-Bakery	17 comp.
CARD 04			
Columns 1 through 3 Columns 5 and 6	Industry designate Card Number		
Columns 7 through 9 Columns 10 through 24	Job title being rated Competencies B190 - B204	Divider Operator-Bakery	14 comp.
Columns 25 through 27 Columns 28 through 43	Job title being rated Competencies B211 - B226	Molder-Bakery	15 comp.
Columns 44 through 46 Columns 47 through 61	Job title being rated Competencies B230 - B244	Bench Hand-Bakery	14 comp.



					•			
	CARD 05							
	Columns Columns Columns	4 5	through and 6 through		I. D. Number Industry designate Card Number			
	Columns Columns				Job title being rated Competencies B270 - B286	Baker-Retail - Bakery	16	comp.
	Columns		through through		Job title being rated Competencies B250 - B264	Overman-Bakery	ול ד	comp.
	•			_	· ·	or children bancery	7.44	COMP.
			through through	*.	Job title being rated Competencies B290 - B298	Hand Bagger-Bakery	8	comp.
_			····					
					DATRY - Cards 06 throug	h 10		
	CARD 06					÷		
	Columns		through	3	I. D. Number	•	•	-
	Column Columns	4	and 6		Industry Designate	•		
	,	-	through	Q	Card Number Job title being rated			
			through		Competencies D1 - D12	Personal Qualities-Dairy	11	comp.
	Columns	55	through	24	Job title being rated	•		
	Columns	25	through	70	Competencies D20 - D65	Supervisor-Dairy	45	comp.
	CARD 07							
			through	3	I. D. Number			
	Column	4			Industry Designate			
			and 6 through		Card Number Job title being rated			
			through		Competencies D70 - D104	Machine Operator-Dairy	34	comp.
	Columns	45	through	47	Job title being rated			
	Columns	48	through	63		Routeman-Dairy	15	comp.
	CARD 08				•			
	Columns	1	through	3	I. D. Number			
	Column				Industry Designate			
		•	and 6		Card Number			
			through through	-	<u> </u>	Cooler Man-Dairy	ηΩ	comp.
	O O A CHILLIO		orm oregit		combeceriored princip - Drido	OCOTET MONETA	TO	comp.

Job title being rated Competencies D350 - D382

Buttermaker-Dairy

3L comp.



Columns 29 through 31 Columns 32 through 64

·			
CARD 09		•	
Columns 1 through 3 Column 4 Columns 5 and 6 Columns 7 through 9 Columns 10 through 33	I. D. Number Industry Designate Card Number Job title being rated Competencies D385 - D408	Cheesemaker - Dairy	23 comp.
Columns 34 through 36 Columns 37 through 65	Job title being rated Competencies D410 - D438	Lab Technician - Dairy	28 comp.
CARD 10			
Columns 1 through 3 Column 4 Columns 5 and 6 Columns 7 through 9 Columns 10 through 38	I. D. Number Industry Designate Card Number Job title being rated Competencies D440 - D468	Pasteurizer - Dairy	28 comp.
Columns 39 through 41 Columns 42 through 70	Job title being rated Competencies D470 - D498	Ice Cream - Dairy	28 comp.
**************************************			**************************************
	MEAT - Cards 11 throu	gh 13	•
CARD 11			
Columns 1 through 3 Column 4 Columns 5 and 6 Columns 7 through 9 Columns 10 through 21	I. D. Number Industry Designate Card Number Job title being rated Competencies M1 - M12	Personal Qualities - Meat	ll comp.
Columns 22 through 24 Columns 25 through 70	Job title being rated Competencies M20 - M65	Supervisor - Meat	45 comp.
CARD 12	•		
Columns 1 through 3 Column 4 Columns 5 and 6 Columns 7 through 9 Columns 10 through 43	I. D. Number Industry Designate Card Number Job title being rated Competencies M550 - M583	Butcher - Meat	33 comp.
Columns 44 through 46 Columns 47 through 74	Job title being rated Competencies M585 - M612	Meat Cutter - Meat	27 comp.
CARD 13			
Columns 1 through 3 Column 4 Columns 5 and 6 Columns 7 through 9 Columns 10 through 29	I. D. Number Industry Designate Card Number Job title being rated Competencies M615 - M634	Sausage Maker - Meat	19 comp.



1	CARD 13 ((Co	ntinued)					
	Columns 3				Job title being rated Competencies M640 - M651	Render Operator - Meat	11.	comp.
	Columns l				Job title being rated Competencies M150 - M162	Shipping Clerk - Meat	12	comp.
	-			w/1000-0100				
				~~~~~ <b>~</b>				
	·				MILL - Cards 14 through	1 17		•
	CARD 14					·		
	Columns Column Columns	4	through	3	I. D. Number Industry Designate Card Number			
	Columns	7	through through	-	Job title being rated	Personal Qualities - Mill	11	comp.
	Columns	22	through through	24	Job title being rated	Grop Production - Mill		comp.
	CARD 15		, <del></del> -					
	Columns Column Columns	4 5	through		I. D. Number Industry Designate Card Number			
	Columns Columns	•	through through	-	Job title being rated Competencies L20 - L65	Supervisor - Mill	45	comp.
	Columns	56	through through	58	Job title being rated Competencies L130 - L148	Warehouseman - Mill		comp.
	<u>CARD 16</u> .							
	Columns Columns Columns	1 4 5 7	and 6 through	.9	I. D. Number Industry Designate Card Number Job title being rated	739 acces 64 4 444		
	Columns	10	through	44	Competencies L70 - L104	Flour Packer - Mill	34	comp.
			through through	. *	Job title being rated Competencies L715 - L735	Chemist - Mill	50	comp.
	CARD 17						,	
	Columns Columns	4 5	and 6		I. D. Number Industry Designate Card Number			
		-	through through	-	Tob title being rated Competencies 1740 - 1763	Miller - Mill	23	comp.
		_	through through		Job title being rated Competencies L765 - L775	Buhr-Miller - Mill	10	comp.
<b>0</b>	Columns Columns	48 51	through through	50 75	Job title being rated Competencies 1780 - 1804	Smutter - Mill	24	comp.
ided by ERIC	<u> </u>			-	- 209 - Zik	<b>21</b>	-	and the last had been

APPENDIX G

CHI SQUARE WORK SHEETS



Competency Number	VARIABLE			FREQU	encies	
		BAKERY	1	2	3	4
		MEAT				
		MILL				
Competency	~ VARIABLE	, ,				: •
NUMBER			`	Prequ 2	ENCIES 3	. 4
		BAKERY	***************************************	-		
		DAIRY				
		MEAT				
		MILL				
competency number	VARIABLE			Frequ	jencte:	<b>3</b>
<u></u>			1_	2	3	4
		BAKERY				
		DAIRY				
	•	MEAT				
		MILL				

